

## (12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization  
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date  
30 August 2001 (30.08.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
**WO 01/62905 A2**

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: **C12N 9/64**, (74) Agent: SMITH, Julie, K.; 51 University Street, Seattle, WA 98101 (US).

(21) International Application Number: **PCT/US01/05701**

(22) International Filing Date: 23 February 2001 (23.02.2001)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:  
60/184,865 25 February 2000 (25.02.2000) US

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(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

WO 01/62905 A2

(54) Title: INTEGRIN ANTAGONISTS

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides methods and compositions for inhibiting the biological activity of integrins, for inhibiting endothelial cell migration, and for inhibiting angiogenesis. In particular, the invention provides compositions comprising ADAM disintegrin domains and methods for using said compositions. In preferred embodiments the methods and compositions of the invention are used to inhibit angiogenesis and to treat diseases or conditions mediated by angiogenesis.

**TITLE**  
**INTEGRIN ANTAGONISTS**

**CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

5        This application claims the benefit of pending U.S. provisional application Serial No. 60/184,865, filed 25 February 2000, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

10      This invention relates to methods and compositions that are useful for antagonizing the interaction between integrins and their ligands. In particular, the invention relates to the use of ADAM disintegrin domains for antagonizing the interaction between integrins and their ligands.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

**A. Integrins and Disintegrins**

15      Integrins are a family of cell surface proteins that mediate adhesion between cells (cell-cell adhesion) and between cells and extracellular matrix proteins (cell-ECM adhesion). Integrins are heterodimeric structures composed of noncovalently bound  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunits. In humans, at least fifteen different  $\alpha$  subunits and eight different  $\beta$  subunits combine to form integrins with diverse biological activities and ligand specificities. Integrins play important roles in biological processes 20 including embryonic development, platelet aggregation, immune reactions, tissue repair and remodeling, bone resorption, and tumor invasion and metastasis. Integrins are, therefore, important targets for therapeutic intervention in human disease.

The disintegrins are a family of low molecular weight, soluble, cysteine-rich peptides which have been isolated from snake venom (reviewed in Niewiarowski et al., *Seminars in Hematology* 25 31(4):289, 1994). The snake venom disintegrins typically contain an RGD (Arg-Gly-Asp, SEQ ID NO:19) motif. The RGD motif is recognized by many integrins, and is present in several integrin ligands including fibronectin, vitronectin, and von Willebrand factor. Disintegrins disrupt normal adhesion processes by inhibiting the binding of cell surface integrins to their ligands.

30      Disintegrin-like domains have been identified in cellular proteins from both invertebrates and vertebrates (see, e.g., Westcamp and Blobel, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:2748, 1994; Wolfsberg et al., *Dev. Biol.* 169:378, 1995; Alfandari et al., *Dev. Biol.* 182:314, 1997), including the ADAM family of transmembrane proteins.

**B. ADAMs**

35      The ADAMs, which have also been called MDCs, are a family of type I transmembrane cysteine-rich glycoproteins (Weskamp et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 91:2748, 1994; Wolfsberg et al., *Dev. Biol.* 169:378, 1995). The multidomain structure of the ADAMs typically includes an amino-terminal metalloprotease domain, a disintegrin domain, a cysteine-rich region (the region between the

disintegrin domain and the transmembrane domain), a transmembrane region, and a cytoplasmic domain. At least 30 ADAM family members have been identified, in a variety of animal species. The structure of the ADAMs suggests that they may be involved in a variety of biological processes, including cell adhesion, cell fusion, signal transduction, and proteolysis. Members of the ADAM 5 family have, in fact, been shown to play roles in sperm-egg binding and fusion, myotube formation, neurogenesis, and proteolysis.

ADAM-15, also called MDC-15 or metarginin, is the only ADAM identified to date which contains an RGD motif within its disintegrin domain. Zhang et al. (J. Biol. Chem. 273(13):7345, 1998) have reported that the isolated disintegrin domain of ADAM-15, expressed in E. coli as a 10 glutathione S-transferase fusion protein, specifically interacts with  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin and that the interaction is mediated by the RGD tripeptide sequence. The recombinant fusion protein did not interact with other integrins tested, including  $\alpha_{IIb}\beta_3$  and  $\alpha_5\beta_1$ . Nath et al. (J. Cell Science 112:579, 1999) have reported that the entire ADAM-15 extracellular domain, expressed as an Fc fusion protein 15 in COS cells, interacts with  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  and  $\alpha_5\beta_1$  integrins on hematopoietic cells and that the interaction is mediated by the RGD tripeptide sequence. Zhang et al. and Nath et al. commented that the RGD-dependent interaction between ADAM-15 and  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin suggests a role in processes such as malignancy and angiogenesis.

### C. Angiogenesis

20 Angiogenesis, the generation of new blood vessels, is a spatially and temporally regulated process in which endothelial and smooth muscle cells proliferate, migrate, and assemble into tubes, in response to endogenous positive and negative regulatory molecules. Angiogenesis plays important roles in both normal and pathological physiology.

Under normal physiological conditions, angiogenesis is involved in fetal and embryonic 25 development, wound healing, organ regeneration, and female reproductive remodeling processes including formation of the endometrium, corpus luteum, and placenta. Angiogenesis is stringently regulated under normal conditions, especially in adult animals, and perturbation of the regulatory controls can lead to pathological angiogenesis.

Pathological angiogenesis has been implicated in the manifestation and/or progression of 30 inflammatory diseases, certain eye disorders, and cancer. In particular, several lines of evidence support the concept that angiogenesis is essential for the growth and persistence of solid tumors and their metastases (see, e.g., Folkman, N. Engl. J. Med. 285:1182, 1971; Folkman et al., Nature 339:58, 1989; Kim et al., Nature 362:841, 1993; Hori et al., Cancer Res., 51:6180, 1991; Zetter, Annu. Rev. Med. 49:407, 1998). The formation of new blood vessels provides a growing tumor with oxygen, 35 nutrients, waste removal, and a conduit by which invasive cells can enter the circulatory system and establish distant metastases. Various classes of angiogenesis inhibitors are presently being developed and tested for the prevention (e.g., treatment of premalignant conditions), intervention (e.g., treatment of small tumors), and regression (e.g., treatment of large tumors) of cancers (see, e.g., Bergers et al.,

Science 284:808, 1999) and other forms of pathological angiogenesis. Because many steps in the angiogenic process, including endothelial cell migration, proliferation, and morphogenesis require vascular cell adhesion, certain integrin antagonists have been tested as anti-angiogenic agents.

Several integrins are expressed on the surface of cultured endothelial and smooth muscle cells, including  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin. The  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin is an endothelial cell receptor for von Willebrand factor, fibrin, fibrinogen, and fibronectin, and a marker of angiogenic vascular tissue. Brooks et al. have reported that monoclonal antibodies to  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin, as well as cyclic peptide inhibitors, disrupt angiogenesis and that  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  antibodies promote tumor regression (Science 264:569, 1994; Cell 79:1157, 1994). These results suggest that  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin is a useful therapeutic target for diseases characterized by pathological angiogenesis.

There is great need for additional compositions and methods of antagonizing the interaction between integrins and their ligands. In particular, there is great need for additional compositions and methods of inhibiting angiogenesis for the prevention, abrogation, and mitigation of disease processes that are dependent upon pathological angiogenesis.

15

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is based upon the discovery that ADAM disintegrin domains are useful for inhibiting the biological activity of integrins and for inhibiting endothelial cell migration and angiogenesis, including the unexpected discovery that these inhibitory activities reside in ADAM disintegrin domains that lack an RGD motif.

The invention is directed to methods of antagonizing the binding of an integrin to its ligands, and thereby inhibiting the biological activity of the integrin, comprising contacting the integrin with an effective amount of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide. The invention is further directed to methods of inhibiting endothelial cell migration and methods of inhibiting angiogenesis comprising administering an effective amount of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide. In some embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide is in the form of a multimer, preferably a leucine zipper multimer or Fc polypeptide. In some embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain is from a human ADAM, and preferably from ADAM-8, ADAM-9, ADAM-10, ADAM-15, ADAM-17, ADAM-20, ADAM-21, ADAM-22, ADAM-23, or ADAM-29. The ADAM disintegrin domain is preferably produced in a recombinant cell, and is preferably present in a composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In some preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: amino acids 23-264 of SEQ ID NO:2, amino acids 23-303 of SEQ ID NO:4, amino acids 23-235 of SEQ ID NO:6, amino acids 23-292 of SEQ ID NO:8, amino acids 23-216 of SEQ ID NO:10, amino acids 23-305 of SEQ ID NO:12, amino acids 23-293 of SEQ ID NO:14, amino acids 23-312 of SEQ ID NO:16, amino acids 23-310 of SEQ ID NO:18, and amino acids 23-298 of SEQ ID NO:22. In some more preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group

consisting of: amino acids 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:2, amino acids 34-92 of SEQ ID NO:4, amino acids 34-99 of SEQ ID NO:6, amino acids 34-92 of SEQ ID NO:8, amino acids 34-93 of SEQ ID NO:10, amino acids 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:12, amino acids 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:14, amino acids 34-92 of SEQ ID NO:16, amino acids 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:18, and amino acids 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:22. In 5 some most preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: amino acids 78-91 of SEQ ID NO:2, amino acids 79-92 of SEQ ID NO:4, amino acids 87-99 of SEQ ID NO:6, amino acids 79-92 of SEQ ID NO:8, amino acids 79-93 of SEQ ID NO:10, amino acids 78-91 of SEQ ID NO:12, amino acids 78-91 of SEQ ID NO:14, amino acids 79-92 of SEQ ID NO:16, amino acids 78-91 of SEQ ID NO:18, and 10 amino acids 78-91 of SEQ ID NO:22.

In some embodiments a therapeutically effective amount of the ADAM disintegrin domain is administered to a mammal in need of such treatment. In preferred embodiments the mammal is afflicted with a condition mediated by angiogenesis, an ocular disorder, malignant or metastatic condition, inflammatory disease, osteoporosis and other conditions mediated by accelerated bone 15 resorption, restenosis, inappropriate platelet activation, recruitment, or aggregation, thrombosis, or a condition requiring tissue repair or wound healing. The ADAM disintegrin domain is, in some embodiments, administered in combination with radiation therapy and/or in combination with one or more additional therapeutic agents.

The invention also encompasses methods for identifying compounds that modulate integrin 20 biological activity, that modulate the interaction between an integrin and an ADAM disintegrin domain, that inhibit endothelial cell migration, or that inhibit angiogenesis, comprising combining a test compound with an integrin or with endothelial cells and with an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide that binds to the integrin or endothelial cells and determining whether the test compound alters the binding of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide to the integrin or endothelial cells.

25 These and other aspects of the present invention will become evident upon reference to the following detailed description, examples, and claims.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

### A. Abbreviations and Terminology Used in the Specification

30 “4-1BB” and “4-1BB ligand” (4-1BB-L) are polypeptides described, *inter alia*, in U.S. Patent No. 5,674,704, including soluble forms thereof.

“ADAMs” are a family of transmembrane glycoproteins having disintegrin and metalloproteinase domains, also called MDC, metalloprotease/disintegrin/cysteine-rich proteins.

“Dis” is a disintegrin domain; “ADAMdis” is an ADAM disintegrin domain.

35 “CD40 ligand” (CD40L) is a polypeptide described, *inter alia*, in U.S. Patent No. 5,716,805, including soluble forms thereof.

“CD148” is a protein tyrosine phosphatase, also called DEP-1, ECRTP, and PTPRJ. CD148 binding proteins are described in Daniel et al., PCT Publication No. WO 00/15258, 23 March 2000.

“DMEM” is Dulbecco’s Modified Eagle Medium.

“FACS” is fluorescence activated cell sorting.

5 “Flt3L” is Flt3 ligand, a polypeptide described, inter alia, in U.S. Patent No. 5,554,512, including soluble forms thereof.

“HRMEC” are human renal microvascular endothelial cells.

“HMVEC-d” are human dermal microvascular endothelial cells.

“mAb” is a monoclonal antibody.

10 “MDC” is a family of cysteine-rich proteins having metalloprotease and disintegrin domains, also called ADAM.

“Nectin-3” is a cell adhesion molecule in the nectin family (which is described, inter alia, in Satoh-Horikawa et al., J. Biol. Chem. 275(14):10291, 2000). The GenBank accession numbers of human nectin-3 nucleic acid and polypeptide sequences are AF282874 and AAF97597 respectively

15 (Reymond et al., 2000).

“PMA” is phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate.

“Tek,” which has also been called Tie2 and ork, is an receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) that is predominantly expressed in vascular endothelium. The molecular cloning of human Tek (ork) has been described by Ziegler, U.S. Patent No. 5,447,860. “Tek antagonists” are described, inter alia, in

20 Cerretti et al., PCT Publication No. WO 00/75323, 14 December 2000.

“TNF” is tumor necrosis factor. “TNFR” is a tumor necrosis factor receptor, including soluble forms thereof. “TNFR/Fc” is a tumor necrosis factor receptor-Fc fusion polypeptide.

“TRAIL” is TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand, a type II transmembrane polypeptide in the TNF family described, inter alia, in U.S. Patent No. 5,763,223, including soluble forms thereof.

25 “TWEAK” is TNF-weak effector of apoptosis, a type II transmembrane polypeptide in the TNF family described, inter alia, in Chicheportiche et al., J. Biol. Chem., 272(51):32401, 1997, including soluble forms thereof. “TWEAK-R” is the “TWEAK receptor,” which is described, inter alia, in U.S. Serial Numbers 60/172,878 and 60/203,347 and Feng et al., Am. J. Pathol. 156(4):1253, 2000, including soluble forms thereof. TWEAK-R/Fc is a TWEAK receptor-Fc fusion polypeptide.

30 “VEGF” is vascular endothelial growth factor, also known as VPF or vascular permeability factor.

#### B. ADAM Polypeptides and ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides

At least thirty ADAMs have been described. Table 1 provides reference information for

35 selected human ADAMs.

ADAM disintegrin domains show sequence homology to the snake venom disintegrins, and are characterized by a framework of cysteines. For example, a typical disintegrin sequence comprises a framework such as:

CDCGX<sub>3-5</sub>CX<sub>3-6</sub>CCX<sub>2-4</sub>CX<sub>7</sub>CX<sub>4-6</sub>CCX<sub>2-4</sub>CX<sub>8</sub>CX<sub>5-7</sub>CX<sub>3-5</sub>C (SEQ ID NO:20)

The sequences of several ADAM disintegrin domains are shown in Table 2 and in the Sequence Listing.

5 The present invention encompasses the use of various forms of ADAM disintegrin domains that retain at least one activity selected from the group consisting of integrin binding activity, inhibition of endothelial cell migration, and inhibition of angiogenesis. The term "ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide" is intended to encompass polypeptides containing all or part of a native ADAM disintegrin domain, with or without other ADAM domains (such as the cysteine-rich region), as well  
10 as related forms including, but not limited to: (a) fragments, (b) variants, (c) derivatives, (d) fusion polypeptides, and (e) multimeric forms (multimers). The ability of these related forms to inhibit integrin binding, endothelial cell migration, and/or inhibition of angiogenesis may be determined in vitro or in vivo by using methods such as those exemplified below or by using other assays known in the art.

15

**Table 1**  
**Selected Members of the ADAM Family**

ADAM	Other Names	GenBank Accession Number (Human)	Published Description
ADAM-8	MS2, CD156	D26579	Genomics 41(1):56, 1997
ADAM-9	MDC9, meltrin gamma	U41766	J. Cell. Biol. 132(4):717, 1996
ADAM-10	MADM, kuzbanian, reproxin	AF009615	J. Biol. Chem. 272(39):24588, 1997
ADAM-15	Metarginidin, MDC15	U46005	J. Biol. Chem. 271(9):4593, 1996
ADAM-17	TACE, cSVP	U86755	WO 96/41624
ADAM-20	SVPH1-26	AF029899	WO 99/23228
ADAM-21	SVPH1-8	AF029900	WO 99/36549
ADAM-22	SVPH3-13, MDC2	AB009671	WO 99/41388
ADAM-23	SVPH3-17, MDC3	AB009672	WO 99/41388
ADAM-29	SVPH1	AF171929	Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 263:810, 1999

The term "variant" includes polypeptides that are substantially homologous to native ADAM disintegrin domains, but which have an amino acid sequence different from that of a native ADAM disintegrin domain because of one or more deletions, insertions or substitutions. Particular embodiments include, but are not limited to, ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides that comprise 5 from one to ten deletions, insertions or substitutions of amino acid residues, when compared to a native ADAM disintegrin domain sequence. Included as variants of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides are those variants that are naturally occurring, such as allelic forms and alternatively spliced forms, as well as variants that have been constructed by modifying the amino acid sequence of a ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide or the nucleotide sequence of a nucleic acid encoding a 10 ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide.

Generally, substitutions for one or more amino acids present in the native polypeptide should be made conservatively. Examples of conservative substitutions include substitution of amino acids outside of the active domain(s), and substitution of amino acids that do not alter the secondary and/or tertiary structure of the ADAM disintegrin domain. Additional examples include substituting one 15 aliphatic residue for another, such as Ile, Val, Leu, or Ala for one another, or substitutions of one polar residue for another, such as between Lys and Arg; Glu and Asp; or Gln and Asn, or substitutions of one aromatic residue for another, such as Phe, Trp, or Tyr for one another. Other such conservative substitutions, for example, substitutions of entire regions having similar hydrophobicity characteristics, are known in the art.

20 In some preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain variant is at least about 70% identical in amino acid sequence to the amino acid sequence of a native ADAM disintegrin domain; in some preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain variant is at least about 80% identical in amino acid sequence to the amino acid sequence of a native ADAM disintegrin domain. In some more preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain variant is at least about 90% identical in amino 25 acid sequence to the amino acid sequence of a native ADAM disintegrin domain; in some more preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain variant is at least about 95% identical in amino acid sequence to the amino acid sequence of a native ADAM disintegrin domain. In some most preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain variant is at least about 98% identical in amino acid sequence to the amino acid sequence of a native ADAM disintegrin domain; in some most 30 preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain variant is at least about 99% identical in amino acid sequence to the amino acid sequence of a native ADAM disintegrin domain.

Percent identity, in the case of both polypeptides and nucleic acids, may be determined by visual inspection. Percent identity may be determined using the alignment method of Needleman and Wunsch (J. Mol. Biol. 48:443, 1970) as revised by Smith and Waterman (Adv. Appl. Math 2:482, 35 1981). Preferably, percent identity is determined by using a computer program, for example, the GAP computer program version 10.x available from the Genetics Computer Group (GCG; Madison, WI, see also Devereux et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 12:387, 1984). The preferred default parameters for the GAP program include: (1) a unary comparison matrix (containing a value of 1 for identities and 0 for non-

identities) for nucleotides, and the weighted comparison matrix of Gribskov and Burgess, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 14:6745, 1986, as described by Schwartz and Dayhoff, eds., *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, pp. 353-358, 1979 for amino acids; (2) a penalty of 30 (amino acids) or 50 (nucleotides) for each gap and an additional 1 (amino acids) or 3 (nucleotides) penalty for each symbol in each gap; (3) no penalty for end gaps; and (4) no maximum penalty for long gaps. Other programs used by one skilled in the art of sequence comparison may also be used. For fragments of ADAM disintegrin domains, the percent identity is calculated based on that portion of ADAM disintegrin domain that is present in the fragment.

When a deletion or insertion strategy is adopted, the potential effect of the deletion or 10 insertion on biological activity (such as integrin binding activity, inhibition of endothelial cell migration, or inhibition of angiogenesis) must be considered. Subunits of the inventive polypeptides may be constructed by deleting terminal or internal residues or sequences. Additional guidance as to the types of mutations that can be made is provided by a comparison of the sequence of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides to polypeptides that have similar structures, as well as by performing 15 structural analysis of the inventive polypeptides.

The term "variant" also includes ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides that are encoded by nucleic acids capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions (e.g., prewashing solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0) and hybridization conditions of 50°C, 5 X SSC, overnight) or higher stringency conditions to DNA sequences encoding ADAM disintegrin domain 20 polypeptides, and which encode polypeptides that retain at least one activity selected from the group consisting of integrin binding activity, inhibition of endothelial cell migration, and inhibition of angiogenesis. The skilled artisan can determine additional combinations of salt and temperature that constitute moderate hybridization stringency. Conditions of higher stringency include higher temperatures for hybridization and post-hybridization washes, and/or lower salt concentration.

25 Mutations can be introduced into nucleic acids by synthesizing oligonucleotides containing a mutant sequence, flanked by restriction sites enabling ligation to fragments of the native sequence. Following ligation, the resulting reconstructed sequence encodes a variant having the desired amino acid insertion, substitution, or deletion. Alternatively, oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis procedures can be employed to provide an altered gene having particular codons altered 30 according to the substitution, deletion, or insertion required. The well known polymerase chain reaction (PCR) procedure also may be employed to generate and amplify a DNA sequence encoding a desired polypeptide or fragment thereof. Oligonucleotides that define the desired termini of the DNA fragment are employed as 5' and 3' primers. The oligonucleotides may additionally contain recognition sites for restriction endonucleases to facilitate insertion of the amplified DNA fragment 35 into an expression vector.

The present invention further encompasses the use of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides with or without associated native-pattern glycosylation. ADAM disintegrin domain expressed in yeast or mammalian expression systems (e.g., COS-1 or COS-7 cells) may be similar to or significantly

different from a native ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide in molecular weight and glycosylation pattern, depending upon the choice of expression system. Expression of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides in bacterial expression systems, such as *E. coli*, provides non-glycosylated molecules. Different host cells may also process polypeptides differentially, resulting in heterogeneous mixtures of polypeptides with variable N- or C-termini.

5 The primary amino acid structure of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides may be modified to create derivatives by forming covalent or aggregative conjugates with other chemical moieties, such as glycosyl groups, lipids, phosphate, acetyl groups and the like. Covalent derivatives of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides may be prepared by linking particular functional groups to  
10 ADAM disintegrin domain amino acid side chains or at the N-terminus or C-terminus of a ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide.

Fusion polypeptides of ADAM disintegrin domains that are useful in practicing the invention include covalent or aggregative conjugates of ADAMdis or its fragments with other polypeptides, such as by synthesis in recombinant culture as N-terminal or C-terminal fusions. One class of fusion  
15 polypeptides are discussed below in connection with ADAM disintegrin oligomers. As another example, a fusion polypeptide may comprise a signal peptide (which is also variously referred to as a signal sequence, signal, leader peptide, leader sequence, or leader) at the N-terminal region or C-terminal region of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the polypeptide from its site of synthesis to a site inside or outside of  
20 the cell membrane or cell wall. It is particularly advantageous to fuse a signal peptide that promotes extracellular secretion to the N-terminus of a soluble ADAMdis polypeptide. In this case, the signal peptide is typically cleaved upon secretion of the soluble polypeptide from the cell.

Secreted soluble polypeptides may be identified (and distinguished from its non-soluble membrane-bound counterparts) by separating intact cells which express the desired polypeptide from  
25 the culture medium, e.g., by centrifugation, and assaying the medium (supernatant) for the presence of the desired polypeptide. The presence of the desired polypeptide in the medium indicates that the polypeptide was secreted from the cells and thus is a soluble form of the polypeptide. Soluble polypeptides may be prepared by any of a number of conventional techniques. A DNA sequence encoding a desired soluble polypeptide may be subcloned into an expression vector for production of  
30 the polypeptide, or the desired encoding DNA fragment may be chemically synthesized.

Soluble ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides comprise all or part of the ADAM disintegrin domain, with or without additional segments from the extracellular portion of the ADAM (such as the cysteine-rich region) but generally lack a transmembrane domain that would cause retention of the polypeptide at the cell surface. Soluble polypeptides may include part of the  
35 transmembrane domain or all or part of the cytoplasmic domain as long as the polypeptide is secreted from the cell in which it is produced. Examples of soluble ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides are provided in the examples. In some preferred embodiments of the present invention, a multimeric form of a soluble ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide is used to inhibit integrin binding to ligands

and, hence, integrin biological activity. In some most preferred embodiments the soluble ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide is used to inhibit endothelial cell migration and/or inhibit angiogenesis. These inhibitory activities may include both integrin-mediated and integrin-independent mechanisms.

ADAM disintegrin domain multimers are covalently-linked or non-covalently-linked

5 multimers, including dimers, trimers, and higher multimers. Oligomers may be linked by disulfide bonds formed between cysteine residues on different ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides. One embodiment of the invention is directed to multimers comprising multiple ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides joined via covalent or non-covalent interactions between peptide moieties fused to the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides. Such peptides may be peptide linkers (spacers), or peptides

10 that have the property of promoting multimerization. Leucine zippers and certain polypeptides derived from antibodies are among the peptides that can promote multimerization of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides attached thereto, as described in more detail below. In particular embodiments, the multimers comprise from two to four ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides.

In some embodiments, a ADAM disintegrin domain multimer is prepared using polypeptides

15 derived from immunoglobulins. Preparation of fusion proteins comprising certain heterologous polypeptides fused to various portions of antibody-derived polypeptides (including the Fc domain) has been described, e.g., by Ashkenazi et al. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:10535, 1991); Byrn et al. (Nature 344:677, 1990); and Hollenbaugh and Aruffo ("Construction of Immunoglobulin Fusion Proteins", in Current Protocols in Immunology, Suppl. 4, pages 10.19.1-10.19.11, 1992).

20 A preferred embodiment of the present invention is directed to an ADAM disintegrin domain (ADAMdis) dimer comprising two fusion polypeptides created by fusing an ADAM disintegrin domain to an Fc polypeptide. A gene fusion encoding the ADAMdis-Fc fusion polypeptide is inserted into an appropriate expression vector. ADAMdis-Fc fusion polypeptides are expressed in host cells transformed with the recombinant expression vector, and allowed to assemble much like antibody

25 molecules, whereupon interchain disulfide bonds form between the Fc moieties to yield divalent soluble ADAMdis polypeptides. The term "Fc polypeptide" as used herein includes native and mutein forms of polypeptides derived from the Fc region of an antibody. Truncated forms of such polypeptides containing the hinge region that promotes dimerization are also included.

One suitable Fc polypeptide, described in PCT application WO 93/10151, is a single chain

30 polypeptide extending from the N-terminal hinge region to the native C-terminus of the Fc region of a human IgG1 antibody. Another useful Fc polypeptide is the Fc mutein described in U.S. Patent 5,457,035 and by Baum et al., EMBO J. 13:3992, 1994. The amino acid sequence of this mutein is identical to that of the native Fc sequence presented in WO 93/10151, except that amino acid 19 has been changed from Leu to Ala, amino acid 20 has been changed from Leu to Glu, and amino acid 22

35 has been changed from Gly to Ala. The mutein exhibits reduced affinity for Fc receptors. Fusion polypeptides comprising Fc moieties, and multimers formed therefrom, offer an advantage of facile purification by affinity chromatography over Protein A or Protein G columns, and Fc fusion

polypeptides may provide a longer in vivo half life, which is useful in therapeutic applications, than unmodified polypeptides.

5 In other embodiments, a soluble ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide may be substituted for the variable portion of an antibody heavy or light chain. If fusion proteins are made with both heavy and light chains of an antibody, it is possible to form an ADAM disintegrin domain multimer with as many as four soluble ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides.

10 Alternatively, the ADAM disintegrin domain multimer is a fusion polypeptide comprising multiple ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides, with or without peptide linkers (spacers), or peptides that have the property of promoting multimerization.. Among the suitable peptide linkers are 15 those described in U.S. Patents 4,751,180 and 4,935,233. A DNA sequence encoding a desired peptide linker may be inserted between, and in the same reading frame as, the DNA sequences encoding ADAMdis, using conventional techniques known in the art. For example, a chemically synthesized oligonucleotide encoding the linker may be ligated between sequences encoding ADAMdis. In particular embodiments, a fusion protein comprises from two to four ADAM 15 disintegrin domain polypeptides, separated by peptide linkers.

Another method for preparing ADAM disintegrin domain multimers involves use of a leucine zipper domain. Leucine zipper domains are peptides that promote multimerization of the proteins in which they are found. Leucine zippers were originally identified in several DNA-binding proteins (Landschulz et al., *Science* 240:1759, 1988), and have since been found in a variety of different 20 proteins. Among the known leucine zippers are naturally occurring peptides and derivatives thereof that dimerize or trimerize. Examples of leucine zipper domains suitable for producing soluble oligomeric proteins are described in PCT application WO 94/10308, and the leucine zipper derived from lung surfactant protein D (SPD) described in Hoppe et al. *FEBS Lett.* 344:191, 1994. The use of a modified leucine zipper that allows for stable trimerization of a heterologous protein fused thereto is 25 described in Fanslow et al., *Semin. Immunol.* 6:267, 1994. Recombinant fusion polypeptides comprising an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide fused to a leucine zipper peptide are expressed in suitable host cells, and the ADAM disintegrin domain multimer that forms is recovered from the culture supernatant.

30 **C. Recombinant Production of ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides**

The ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides used in the present invention may be prepared using a recombinant expression system. Host cells transformed with a recombinant expression vector encoding the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide are cultured under conditions that promote expression of ADAM disintegrin domain and the ADAM disintegrin domain is recovered. ADAM 35 disintegrin domain polypeptides can also be produced in transgenic plants or animals.

Any suitable expression system may be employed. Recombinant expression vectors include DNA encoding an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide operably linked to suitable transcriptional

and translational regulatory nucleotide sequences, such as those derived from a mammalian, microbial, viral, or insect gene. Nucleotide sequences are operably linked when the regulatory sequence functionally relates to the ADAM disintegrin domain DNA sequence. Thus, a promoter nucleotide sequence is operably linked to an ADAM disintegrin domain DNA sequence if the promoter 5 nucleotide sequence controls the transcription of the ADAM disintegrin domain DNA sequence. Examples of regulatory sequences include transcriptional promoters, operators, or enhancers, an mRNA ribosomal binding site, and appropriate sequences which control transcription and translation initiation and termination. A sequence encoding an appropriate signal peptide (native or heterologous) can be incorporated into expression vectors. A DNA sequence for a signal peptide (secretory leader) 10 may be fused in frame to the ADAM disintegrin domain sequence so that the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide is initially translated as a fusion protein comprising the signal peptide. A signal peptide that is functional in the intended host cells promotes extracellular secretion of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide. The signal peptide is cleaved from the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide upon secretion from the cell. Suitable host cells for expression of ADAM disintegrin 15 domain polypeptides include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells, including insect and mammalian cells. Appropriate cloning and expression vectors for use with bacterial, fungal, yeast, insect, and mammalian cellular hosts are known in the art.

Using the techniques of recombinant DNA including mutagenesis and the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), the skilled artisan can produce DNA sequences that encode ADAM disintegrin 20 domain polypeptides comprising various additions or substitutions of amino acid residues or sequences, or deletions of terminal or internal residues or sequences, including ADAM disintegrin domain fragments, variants, derivatives, multimers, and fusion polypeptides.

The procedures for purifying expressed ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides will vary according to the host system employed, and whether or not the recombinant polypeptide is secreted. 25 ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides may be purified using methods known in the art, including one or more concentration, salting-out, ion exchange, hydrophobic interaction, affinity purification, HPLC, or size exclusion chromatography steps. Fusion polypeptides comprising Fc moieties (and multimers formed therefrom) offer the advantage of facile purification by affinity chromatography over Protein A or Protein G columns.

30

#### D. Therapeutic Methods

The disclosed methods may be used to inhibit integrin binding and integrin biological activity, and to inhibit endothelial cell migration, and/or angiogenesis in a mammal in need of such treatment. The treatment is advantageously administered in order to prevent the onset or the recurrence of a 35 disease or condition mediated by an integrin, or to treat a mammal that has a disease or condition mediated by an integrin.

Examples of the therapeutic uses of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides and compositions thereof include the treatment of individuals afflicted with conditions mediated by

angiogenesis such as ocular disorders, dermatological disorders, and malignant or metastatic conditions, inflammatory diseases, osteoporosis and other conditions mediated by accelerated bone resorption, restenosis, inappropriate platelet activation, recruitment, or aggregation, thrombosis, or a condition requiring tissue repair or wound healing.

5 Among the ocular disorders that can be treated according to the present invention are eye diseases characterized by ocular neovascularization including, but not limited to, diabetic retinopathy (a major complication of diabetes), retinopathy of prematurity (this devastating eye condition, that frequently leads to chronic vision problems and carries a high risk of blindness, is a severe complication during the care of premature infants), neovascular glaucoma, retinoblastoma, retrobulbar 10 fibroplasia, rubeosis, uveitis, macular degeneration, and corneal graft neovascularization. Other eye inflammatory diseases, ocular tumors, and diseases associated with choroidal or iris neovascularization can also be treated according to the present invention.

The present invention can also be used to treat malignant and metastatic conditions such as solid tumors. Solid tumors include both primary and metastatic sarcomas and carcinomas.

15 The present invention can also be used to treat inflammatory diseases including, but not limited to, arthritis, rheumatism, inflammatory bowel disease, and psoriasis.

Among the conditions mediated by inappropriate platelet activation, recruitment, aggregation, or thrombosis that can be treated according to the present invention are coronary artery disease or injury, myocardial infarction or injury following myocardial infarction, stroke, unstable angina, 20 atherosclerosis, arteriosclerosis, preeclampsia, embolism, platelet-associated ischemic disorders including lung ischemia, coronary ischemia, and cerebral ischemia, restenosis following percutaneous coronary intervention including angioplasty, atherectomy, stent placement, and bypass surgery, thrombotic disorders including coronary artery thrombosis, cerebral artery thrombosis, intracardiac thrombosis, peripheral artery thrombosis, venous thrombosis, thrombosis and coagulopathies 25 associated with exposure to a foreign or injured tissue surface, and reocclusion following thrombosis, deep venous thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism (PE), transient ischemic attacks (TIAs), and another conditions where vascular occlusion is a common underlying feature. In some embodiments the methods according to the invention are used in individuals at high risk for thrombus formation or reformation, advanced coronary artery disease, or for occlusion, reocclusion, stenosis and/or restenosis 30 of blood vessels, or stroke. In some embodiments the methods according to the invention are used in combination with angioplasty procedures, such as balloon angioplasty, laser angioplasty, coronary atherectomy or similar techniques, carotid endarterectomy, anastomosis of vascular grafts, surgery having a high risk of thrombus formation (i.e., coronary bypass surgery, insertion of a prosthetic valve or vessel and the like), atherectomy, stent placement, placement of a chronic cardiovascular device 35 such as an in-dwelling catheter or prosthetic valve or vessel, organ transplantation, or bypass surgery.

Other diseases and conditions that can be treated according to the present invention include benign tumors and preneoplastic conditions, myocardial angiogenesis, hemophilic joints, scleroderma,

vascular adhesions, asthma and allergy, eczema and dermatitis, graft versus host disease, sepsis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, telangiectasia, and wound granulation.

The methods according to the present invention can be tested in in vivo animal models for the desired prophylactic or therapeutic activity, as well as to determine the optimal therapeutic dosage,

5 prior to administration to humans.

The amount of a particular ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide that will be effective in a particular method of treatment depends upon age, type and severity of the condition to be treated, body weight, desired duration of treatment, method of administration, and other parameters. Effective dosages are determined by a physician or other qualified medical professional. Typical effective

10 dosages are about 0.01 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg body weight. In some preferred embodiments the dosage is about 0.1-50 mg/kg; in some preferred embodiments the dosage is about 0.5-10 mg/kg. The dosage for local administration is typically lower than for systemic administration. In some embodiments a single administration is sufficient; in some embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain is administered as multiple doses over one or more days.

15 The ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides are typically administered in the form of a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more pharmacologically acceptable carriers. Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include diluents, fillers, adjuvants, excipients, and vehicles which are pharmaceutically acceptable for the route of administration, and may be aqueous or oleaginous suspensions formulated using suitable dispersing, wetting, and suspending agents.

20 Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers are generally sterile and free of pyrogenic agents, and may include water, oils, solvents, salts, sugars and other carbohydrates, emulsifying agents, buffering agents, antimicrobial agents, and chelating agents. The particular pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and the ratio of active compound to carrier are determined by the solubility and chemical properties of the composition, the mode of administration, and standard pharmaceutical practice.

25 The ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides are administered to the patient in a manner appropriate to the indication. Thus, for example, ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides, or pharmaceutical compositions thereof, may be administered by intravenous, transdermal, intradermal, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, intranasal, epidural, oral, topical, subcutaneous, intracavity, sustained release from implants, peristaltic routes, or by any other suitable technique. Parenteral administration is preferred.

30 In certain embodiments of the claimed invention, the treatment further comprises treating the mammal with one or more additional therapeutic agents. The additional therapeutic agent(s) may be administered prior to, concurrently with, or following the administration of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide. The use of more than one therapeutic agent is particularly advantageous when the mammal that is being treated has a solid tumor. In some embodiments of the claimed invention, the treatment further comprises treating the mammal with radiation. Radiation, including brachytherapy and teletherapy, may be administered prior to, concurrently with, or following the administration of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide and/or additional therapeutic agent(s).

In some preferred embodiments the method includes the administration of, in addition to an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide, one or more therapeutics selected from the group consisting of alkylating agents, antimetabolites, vinca alkaloids and other plant-derived therapeutics, antitumor antibiotics, antitumor enzymes, topoisomerase inhibitors, platinum analogs, adrenocortical 5 suppressants, hormones and antihormones, antibodies, immunotherapeutics, radiotherapeutics, and biological response modifiers.

In some preferred embodiments the method includes administration of, in addition to an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide, one or more therapeutics selected from the group consisting of cisplatin, cyclophosphamide, mechlorethamine, melphalan, bleomycin, carboplatin, fluorouracil, 10 5-fluorodeoxyuridine, methotrexate, taxol, asparaginase, vincristine, and vinblastine, lymphokines and cytokines such as interleukins, interferons (alpha., beta. or delta.) and TNF, chlorambucil, busulfan, carmustine, lomustine, semustine, streptozocin, dacarbazine, cytarabine, mercaptopurine, thioguanine, vindesine, etoposide, teniposide, dactinomycin, daunorubicin, doxorubicin, bleomycin, plicamycin, mitomycin, L-asparaginase, hydroxyurea, methylhydrazine, mitotane, tamoxifen, fluoxymesterone, 15 IL-8 inhibitors, angiostatin, endostatin, kringle 5, angiopoietin-2 or other antagonists of angiopoietin-1, antagonists of platelet-activating factor, antagonists of basic fibroblast growth factor, and COX-2 inhibitors.

In some preferred embodiments the method includes administration of, in addition to an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide, one or more therapeutic polypeptides, including soluble forms 20 thereof, selected from the group consisting of Flt3 ligand, CD40 ligand, interleukin-2, interleukin-12, 4-1BB ligand, anti-4-1BB antibodies, TRAIL, TNF antagonists and TNF receptor antagonists including TNFR/Fc, Tek antagonists, TWEAK antagonists and TWEAK-R antagonists including TWEAK-R/Fc, VEGF antagonists including anti-VEGF antibodies, VEGF receptor (including VEGF-R1 and VEGF-R2, also known as Flt1 and Flk1 or KDR) antagonists, CD148 (also referred to as DEP- 25 1, ECRTP, and PTPRJ, see Takahashi et al., J. Am. Soc. Nephrol. 10:2135-45, 1999; and PCT Publication No. WO 00/15258, 23 March 2000) binding proteins, and nectin-3 antagonists.

In some preferred embodiments the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides of the invention are used as a component of, or in combination with, "metronomic therapy," such as that described by Browder et al. and Klement et al. (Cancer Research 60:1878, 2000; J. Clin. Invest. 105(8):R15, 2000; 30 see also Barinaga, Science 288:245, 2000).

As used herein, the terms "therapy," "therapeutic," "treat," and "treatment" generally include prophylaxis, i.e. prevention, in addition to therapy or treatment for an extant disease or condition. The methods of the present invention may be used as a first line treatment, for the treatment of residual disease following primary therapy, or as an adjunct to other therapies. Methods of measuring 35 biological effectiveness are known in the art and are illustrated in the Examples below.

**EXAMPLES**

The following examples are intended to illustrate particular embodiments and not to limit the scope of the invention.

**EXAMPLE 1****ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides**

5 This example describes one method for the recombinant production of ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptides.

10 Expression cassettes encoding an IgKappa leader sequence, ADAM disintegrin domain, and C-terminal Fc region were constructed in bacterial plasmids then transferred into eukaryotic expression vectors (pDC409, EMBO J. 10:2821, 1991, or another mammalian expression vector). The coding regions of the various constructs are summarized in Table 2. In addition to the disintegrin domain, these constructs encode additional portions of the extracellular portion of the ADAM (e.g., cysteine-rich region and EGF-like domain).

15 The expression vectors were transfected into COS-1, CV-1/EBNA, or 293/EBNA cells. Two days after transfection the cells were <sup>35</sup>S labeled for four hours. Supernatants and total cell lysates were prepared and aliquots were immunoprecipitated using protein A-sepharose beads to capture the Fc tagged polypeptides. <sup>35</sup>S labeled ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides were run on 8-16% reducing gels and detected via autoradiography.

20 The cell type that produced the most soluble protein in the supernatant was used in a large scale (T-175 format, 20 flasks) transient transfection, and approximately one liter of supernatant was harvested after one week. ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides were purified from the supernatants using affinity chromatography (protein A column). The polypeptides were characterized by determining the N-terminal amino acid sequence, amino acid composition, and protein integrity (SDS-PAGE under reducing and non-reducing conditions) before the polypeptides were used in FACS, 25 immunoprecipitations, and biological assays such as those described below.

**Table 2**  
**ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptide Constructs**

Construct	SEQ ID NOS: DNA/polypeptide	IgK Leader <sup>1,2</sup>	ADAM disintegrin <sup>1,3</sup> (dis Framework) <sup>1,4</sup>	Fc Region <sup>1</sup>
ADAM-8dis-Fc	1/2	1-20	23-264 (34-91)	267-494
ADAM-9dis-Fc	3/4	1-20	23-303 (34-92)	306-533
ADAM-10dis-Fc	5/6	1-20	23-235 (34-99)	238-465
ADAM-15dis-Fc	7/8	1-20	23-292 (34-92)	295-522
ADAM-17dis-Fc	9/10	1-20	23-216 (34-93)	219-446
ADAM-20dis-Fc	11/12	1-20	23-305 (34-91)	308-535
ADAM-21dis-Fc	13/14	1-20	23-293 (34-91)	296-523
ADAM-22dis-Fc	15/16	1-20	23-312 (34-92)	315-542
ADAM-23dis-Fc	17/18	1-20	23-310 (34-91)	313-540
ADAM-29dis-Fc	21/22	1-20	23-298 (34-91)	301-528

<sup>1</sup> residues in the polypeptide sequence

5 <sup>2</sup> the predicted cleavage site is after residue 20

<sup>3</sup> segment of the construct that includes ADAMdis, but may also contain additional ADAM sequences

<sup>4</sup> disintegrin framework, e.g., SEQ ID NO:20

**EXAMPLE 2**  
**10 Binding of ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides to Cells**

**A. Binding to Endothelial cells**

This example describes a flow cytometric integrin mAb based binding inhibition assay, which is used to show binding of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides to integrins expressed on the surface of endothelial cells. Human endothelial cells express  $\alpha_1\beta_1$ ,  $\alpha_1\beta_5$ ,  $\beta_1$ ,  $\beta_4$ ,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_5$ , and  $\alpha_6$  integrins.

15 Primary human dermal microvascular endothelial cells (HMVEC-d) were maintained in supplemented endothelial growth medium (Clonetics Corporation, Walkersville, MD). The ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides produced in Example 1 were shown to bind specifically to HMVEC-d.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for human integrins  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  (LM609, anti CD51/61, Chemicon, Temecula, CA Brooks et al., Science 264:569, 1994),  $\alpha_2\beta_1$  (BHA2.1 anti CD49b, Chemicon, Wang et al., Mol. Biol. of the Cell 9:865, 1998),  $\alpha_5\beta_1$  (SAM-1 anti CD49e, Biodesign, A. te Velde et al., J. Immunol. 140:1548, 1988),  $\alpha_3\beta_1$  (ASC-6 anti-CD49c, Chemicon, Pattaramalai et al., Exp. Cell. Res. 222: 281, 1996),  $\alpha_4\beta_1$  (HP2/1 anti CD49d, Immunotech, Marseilles, France. Workshop of the 4<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Human Leukocyte Differentiation Antigens, Vienna Austria, 1989, workshop number p091),  $\alpha_6\beta_1$  (GoH3 anti CD49f, Immunotech, Workshop 4<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Human Leukocyte Differentiation Antigens, workshop number p055),  $\alpha_6\beta_4$  (439-9B anti CD104, Pharmingen, San Diego, CA., Schlossman et al., 1995 Leukocyte Typing V: White Cell Differentiation Antigens. Oxford University Press, New York), and  $\alpha_v\beta_5$  (MAB 1961, Chemicon International, monoclonal anti-human integrin  $\alpha_v\beta_5$  mAb, IgG1 isotype, inhibits  $\alpha_v\beta_5$  mediated binding/adhesion to vitronectin/fibronectin; Weinaker, et al., J. Biol. Chem. 269:6940, 1994) were also shown to bind specifically to HMVEC-d. Each of these antibodies is known to specifically block binding of the indicated integrin to its ligands (e.g., fibronectin, vitronectin, fibrinogen). The ability of integrin mAbs to inhibit the binding of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides reveals which integrins the disintegrin domains bind and, indirectly, which integrin binding activities the disintegrin domains are able to antagonize. The ability of the antibodies to inhibit binding of the ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides to endothelial cells was tested as described below.

Prior to performing binding studies, HMVEC-d were removed from culture vessels using trypsin-EDTA. The cells were washed in media containing serum and resuspended in binding medium which consisted of PBS containing 1 mM Ca<sup>2+</sup>, 1 mM Mg<sup>2+</sup> and 0.5 mM Mn<sup>2+</sup>, 0.1% sodium azide, 10% Normal goat serum, 2% rabbit serum and 2% fetal bovine serum. Under these binding conditions, ADAM-8, -9, -10, -15, -17, -20, -21, -22, -23, and -29dis-Fc all bind to human endothelial cells.

One hundred microliters of cell suspension, containing 200,000 to 500,000 HMVEC-d, were added to 12x75mm plastic test tubes. Monoclonal antibodies specific for one of the integrins, or a control monoclonal antibody (CD29 or M15), were added to the cell suspensions at a concentration of 100  $\mu$ g/ml (5-8 fold mass excess) 15 minutes prior to addition of disintegrin-Fc fusion proteins. ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides and control Fc fusion polypeptides (P7.5II.Fc) were added, at various concentrations from 12.5 to 20  $\mu$ g/ml, to the cell suspensions and incubated for 1 hour at 30° C. Unbound Fc polypeptides were washed away by centrifugation of cells in 2 mls of binding media. The washed cell pellets were resuspended in binding medium and then incubated at 30° C for 30 minutes with goat anti-human Fc-specific biotinylated antibody at a concentration of 2.5  $\mu$ g/ml for 30 minutes. After centrifugation and washing of the cell pellets, the cells were resuspended in binding medium and bound anti-human Fc-biotin was detected by adding streptavidin-phycoerythrin conjugate to the cell suspension at a 1:1000 dilution (1  $\mu$ g/ml) and incubating at 30° C for 30 minutes. The unbound streptavidin-phycoerythrin was washed away and the cells were resuspended in binding

medium containing propidium iodide. The level of fluorescent binding (disintegrin-Fc binding) was determined by flow cytometry.

The level of binding of each ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptide was determined in the presence of anti-integrin specific mAb and in the presence of control mAb. Both the intensity of 5 binding (MFI) and the percentage of cells binding were determined. Percent inhibition was calculated using the formula [1 - (MFI control-MFI integrin mAb) / MFI control]. The results of these studies are summarized in Table 3.

ADAM-15, -17, -20 and -22 disintegrin domain polypeptides bound to  $\alpha_v\beta_3$ ; ADAM 23 disintegrin domain polypeptide bound to  $\alpha_2\beta_1$ ; ADAM-15, -21, -22 and -23 disintegrin domain 10 polypeptides bound to  $\alpha_5\beta_1$ ; ADAM-10, -17, -22 and -23 disintegrin domain polypeptides bound to the  $\alpha_6$  integrins; ADAM-10 and -15 disintegrin domain polypeptides bound to  $\alpha_v\beta_5$ . An excess of a non blocking  $\alpha_v\beta_5$  antibody did significantly affect the binding of ADAM-10, -22, and -23 disintegrin 15 polypeptides to endothelial cells, suggesting that these ADAMdis polypeptides interact with integrin sites other than or in addition to the ligand (e.g., fibronectin, vitronectin) binding site. Based upon results from a different type of assay, Cal et al. have reported that the ADAM-23 disintegrin domain 20 interacts with the  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin through an RGD-independent mechanism (Molec. Biol. of the Cell 11:1457, 2000).

Binding experiments are repeated using other ADAM disintegrin domains and other monoclonal antibodies. ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides that bind to selected integrins are further 20 tested for the ability to disrupt integrin-ligand interactions and to modulate endothelial cell function, angiogenesis, and other biological activities in vitro and in vivo.

**Table 3**  
**Binding of ADAM Disintegrin-Fc Polypeptides to Integrins Expressed on Human Endothelial Cells**

ADAM	Integrin						
	$\alpha_1\beta_1$	$\alpha_2\beta_1$	$\alpha_3\beta_1$	$\alpha_4\beta_1$	$\alpha_5\beta_1$	$\alpha_6\beta_1, \alpha_7\beta_4$	$\alpha_8\beta_3$
ADAM-8	ND	ND	— (<10)	— (<10)	ND	ND	— (<20)
ADAM-9	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<20)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)
ADAM-10	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<20)	— (<10)	+ (48)	+ (25)
ADAM-15	+ (60)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<20)	+ (30)	— (<10)	+ (25)
ADAM-17	+ (50)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	+ (69)	— (<10)
ADAM-20	+ (58)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<20)	— (<10)	— (<10)
ADAM-21	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	+ (54)	— (<10)	— (<10)
ADAM-22	+ (42)	— (<10)	— (<10)	— (<10)	+ (36)	+ (32)	— (<10)
ADAM-23	— (<10)	+ (22)	— (<10)	— (<10)	+ (49)	+ (31)	— (<10)

positive binding defined as >20% binding inhibition; normal background variation 5-10%, baseline positive approx. 2X over background

<sup>2</sup>percent inhibition of binding by ADAM-dis-Fc in the presence of 5-8 fold excess integrin mAb as compared to control mAb

**B. Binding to Primary Human T-Cells**

Primary human T-cells were purified from whole blood. These cells were used in FACS experiments to assess cell surface binding of purified ADAMdis-Fc polypeptides. ADAMdis-Fc binding was assessed with and without Con A (5 µg/ml) or immobilized OTK3 antibody (1 mg/ml, 5 immobilized for 1 hour, 37°C) stimulation. ADAMdis-Fc polypeptides (20 µg/ml) were bound at either 4° C or 30° C in the presence of cations (Ca++, Mg++, Mn++, 0.5 mM each). Cell surface integrin expression was assessed using a panel of murine and rat anti-human integrin antibodies.  $\alpha_5\beta_5$ ,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_6$ ,  $\beta_1$ , and  $\beta_7$  integrins were detected on the surface of these cells. ADAMdis-Fc polypeptides did not bind to primary human T-cells at 4° C. ADAM-8-, ADAM-9-, ADAM-15-, 10 ADAM-20-, ADAM-21-, ADAM-22-, and ADAM-23-dis-Fc polypeptides did bind primary T-cells at 30° C with Con A stimulation. ADAMdis-Fc binding was not inhibited by a three-fold molar excess of antibodies to the integrins listed above.

**C. Binding to Resting Platelets**

15 Binding of ADAMdis-Fc polypeptides to citrated washed resting platelets was performed at 4°C or 30°C. Binding was analyzed by flow cytometry using a biotinylated-anti-human Fc specific antibody and streptavidin-PE. Resting platelets express the integrins CD41/CD61 and CD49e. ADAM-9dis-Fc and ADAM-8dis-Fc bound resting platelets at 30°C but not at 4°C. ADAM-9dis-Fc binding to resting platelets at 30°C was not inhibited by a ten-fold excess of CD41a mAb.

20

**EXAMPLE 3****Activity of ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides In a Wound Closure Assay**

A planar endothelial cell migration (wound closure) assay was used to quantitate the inhibition of angiogenesis by ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides in vitro. In this assay, endothelial 25 cell migration is measured as the rate of closure of a circular wound in a cultured cell monolayer. The rate of wound closure is linear, and is dynamically regulated by agents that stimulate and inhibit angiogenesis in vivo.

Primary human renal microvascular endothelial cells, HRMEC, were isolated, cultured, and used at the third passage after thawing, as described in Martin et al., *In Vitro Cell Dev Biol* 33:261, 30 1997. Replicate circular lesions, "wounds," (600-800 micron diameter) were generated in confluent HRMEC monolayers using a silicon-tipped drill press. At the time of wounding the medium (DMEM + 1% BSA) was supplemented with 20 ng/ml PMA (phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate), a range of concentrations of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptide, or combinations of PMA and ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptide. The residual wound area was measured as a function of time (0-12 hours) 35 using a microscope and image analysis software (Bioquant, Nashville, TN). The relative migration rate was calculated for each agent and combination of agents by linear regression of residual wound

area plotted over time. The inhibition of PMA-induced endothelial migration by ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides is shown in Table 4.

The effect of ADAM-dis-Fc polypeptides on EGF-induced migration was also determined. For these experiments EGF (epidermal growth factor, 40 ng/ml) was added to the medium, instead of PMA, at the time of wounding. The results are shown in Table 5.

Table 4

Effect of ADAM-15, -17, -20, and -23dis-Fc Polypeptides in PMA-Induced Endothelial Cell Wound Closure Migration Assay

Expt. ID	No Addition	PMA 20 ng/ml	PMA + IgG	PMA + ADAM-15dis-Fc	PMA + ADAM-17dis-Fc	PMA + ADAM-20dis-Fc	PMA + ADAM-23dis-Fc
HL-H-142 15 $\mu$ g/ml dis-Fc	0.0436 <sup>1</sup> (0.0016) <sup>2</sup>	0.0655 (0.0004)				0.0499 (0.0009) 72% <sup>3</sup>	
HL-H-147 15 $\mu$ g/ml dis-Fc	0.0244 (0.0023)	0.0424 (0.0002)	0.0449 (0.0012) 0%	0.0357 (0.0007) 37%			0.0225 (0.0022) 100%
HL-H-153 15 $\mu$ g/ml dis-Fc	0.0253 0.00013	0.0460 (0.0022)	0.0491 (0.006) 0%		0.0392 (0.0016) 33%	0.0388 (0.005) 36%	0.0317 (0.005) 70%
HL-H-154 15 $\mu$ g/ml dis-Fc	0.0119 (0.0012)	0.0312 (0.0016)			0.0283 (0.0008) 15%	0.0160 (0.0017) 79%	

<sup>1</sup> Slopes to average triplicate Y values and treat as a single data point in order to test whether the slopes are significantly different

<sup>2</sup> Data in parentheses is the +/- standard error of slopes

<sup>3</sup> Percent inhibition compared to migration rate observed in the presence of PMA

Table 5

Effect of ADAM-17, -20, and -23dis-Fc Polypeptides in EGF-Induced Endothelial Cell Wound Closure Migration Assay

Expt. ID	No Addition	EGF 40 ng/ml	EGF + IgG	EGF + ADAM-17dis-Fc	EGF + ADAM-20dis-Fc	EGF + ADAM-23dis-Fc
HL-H-154 15 $\mu$ g/ml dis-Fc	0.0119 (0.0012)	0.0378 (0.0061)		0.0242 (0.0029) 53%	0.0172 (0.0031) 80%	0.0310 (0.0036) 26%
HL-H-155 9 $\mu$ g/ml dis-Fc	0.0164 (0.0010)	0.0468 (0.0059)	0.0454 (0.0052) 5%	0.0412 (0.0107) 18%	0.0227 (0.0035) 79%	0.0207 (0.0016) 86%

<sup>1</sup> Slopes to average triplicate Y values and treat as a single data point in order to test whether the slopes are significantly different

<sup>2</sup> Data in parentheses is the +/- standard error of slopes

<sup>3</sup> Percent inhibition compared to migration rate observed in the presence of EGF alone

ADAM-20 and -23dis-Fc polypeptides showed the greatest inhibition of both EGF- and PMA-induced endothelial migration at 15  $\mu$ g/ml. ADAM-15 and -17dis-Fc polypeptides were less

effective at inhibiting endothelial cell migration at 15 µg/ml. Hu IgG did not inhibit EGF- or PMA-induced endothelial cell migration in any of the experiments performed where it was included as a control Fc protein.

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**EXAMPLE 4**  
**Activity of ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides In a Corneal Pocket Assay**

A mouse corneal pocket assay is used to quantitate the inhibition of angiogenesis by ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides *in vivo*. In this assay, agents to be tested for angiogenic or anti-angiogenic activity are immobilized in a slow release form in a hydron pellet, which is implanted into 10 micropockets created in the corneal epithelium of anesthetized mice. Vascularization is measured as the appearance, density, and extent of vessel ingrowth from the vascularized corneal limbus into the normally avascular cornea.

Hydron pellets, as described in Kenyon et al., *Invest Ophthalmol. & Visual Science* 37:1625, 1996, incorporate sucralfate with bFGF (90 ng/pellet), bFGF and IgG (11 µg/pellet, control), or bFGF 15 and a range of concentrations of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptide. The pellets are surgically implanted into corneal stromal micropockets created by micro-dissection 1 mm medial to the lateral corneal limbus of 6-8 week old male C57BL mice. After five days, at the peak of neovascular response to bFGF, the corneas are photographed, using a Zeiss slit lamp, at an incipient angle of 35-50° from the polar axis in the meridian containing the pellet. Images are digitized and processed by 20 subtractive color filters (Adobe Photoshop 4.0) to delineate established microvessels by hemoglobin content. Image analysis software (Bioquant, Nashville, TN) is used to calculate the fraction of the corneal image that is vascularized, the vessel density within the vascularized area, and the vessel density within the total cornea. The inhibition of bFGF-induced corneal angiogenesis, as a function of the dose of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptide, is determined.

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**EXAMPLE 5**  
**Inhibition of Neovascularization by ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides in a Murine Transplant Model**

Survival of heterotopically transplanted cardiac tissue from one mouse donor to the ear skin of 30 another genetically similar mouse requires adequate neovascularization by the transplanted heart and the surrounding tissue, to promote survival and energy for cardiac muscle function. Inadequate vasculature at the site of transplant causes excessive ischemia to the heart, tissue damage, and failure of the tissue to engraft. Agents that antagonize factors involved in endothelial cell migration and vessel formation can decrease angiogenesis at the site of transplant, thereby limiting graft tissue 35 function and ultimately engraftment itself. A murine heterotopic cardiac isograft model is used to demonstrate the antagonistic effects of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides on neovascularization. Female BALB/c ( $\approx$ 12 weeks of age) recipients are given neonatal heart grafts from donor mice of the same strain. The donor heart tissue is grafted into the left ear pinnae of the recipient on day 0 and the

mice are divided into two groups. The control group receives human IgG (Hu IgG) while the other group receives ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptide, both intraperitoneally. The treatments are continued for five consecutive days. The functionality of the grafts is determined by monitoring visible pulsatile activity on days 7 and 14 post-engraftment. The inhibition of functional engraftment, 5 as a function of the dose of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptide, is determined. The histology of the transplanted hearts is examined in order to visualize the effects of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides on edema at the site of transplant and host and donor tissue vasculature (using, e.g., Factor VIII staining).

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**EXAMPLE 6**  
**Treatment of Tumors With ADAM Disintegrin Domain Polypeptides**

ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides are tested in animal models of solid tumors. The effect of the ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides is determined by measuring tumor frequency and tumor growth.

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The biological activity of ADAM disintegrin-Fc polypeptides is also demonstrated in other *in vitro*, *ex vivo*, and *in vivo* assays known to the skilled artisan, such as calcium mobilization assays and assays to measure platelet activation, recruitment, or aggregation.

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The relevant disclosures of publications cited herein are specifically incorporated by reference. The examples presented above are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the scope of the invention. The skilled artisan will understand that variations and modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teachings, and such modifications and variations are intended to be within the scope of the invention.

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## CLAIMS

We claim:

1. A method of antagonizing the binding of an integrin to its ligands comprising contacting a cell that expresses the integrin with an effective amount of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide.
2. A method of antagonizing the binding of an integrin to its ligands in a mammal in need of such treatment comprising administering an effective amount of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide.
3. The method of claim 2 wherein the mammal is afflicted with a condition selected from the group consisting of ocular disorders, malignant and metastatic conditions, inflammatory diseases, osteoporosis and other conditions mediated by accelerated bone resorption, restenosis, inappropriate platelet activation, recruitment, or aggregation, thrombosis, or a condition requiring tissue repair or wound healing.
4. A method of inhibiting angiogenesis in a mammal in need of such treatment, comprising administering to the mammal an inhibition-effective amount of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide, wherein the disintegrin domain does not contain an RGD sequence.
5. The method of one of claims 1-4 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain is in the form of a multimer.
6. The method of claim 5 wherein the multimer is a dimer or trimer.
7. The method of claim 5 wherein the multimer comprises an Fc polypeptide or a leucine zipper.
8. The method of one of claims 1-7 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain is from a human ADAM.
9. The method of claim 8 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain is from an ADAM selected from the group consisting of ADAM-8, ADAM-9, ADAM-10, ADAM-15, ADAM-17, ADAM-20, ADAM-21, ADAM-22, ADAM-23, and ADAM-29.
10. The method of claim 9 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain is from ADAM-17, ADAM-20, or ADAM-23.
11. The method of one of claims 1-10 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) amino acids 1-494 of SEQ ID NO:2, amino acids 23-264 of SEQ ID NO:2, amino acids 1-533 of SEQ ID NO:4, amino acids 23-303 of SEQ ID NO:4, amino acids 1-465 of SEQ ID NO:6, amino acids 23-235 of SEQ ID NO:6, amino acids 1-522 of SEQ ID NO:8, amino acids 23-292 of SEQ ID NO:8, amino acids 1-446 of SEQ ID NO:10, amino acids 23-216 of SEQ ID NO:10, amino acids 1-535 of SEQ ID NO:12, amino acids 23-305 of SEQ ID NO:12, amino acids 1-523 of SEQ ID NO:14, amino acids 23-293 of SEQ ID NO:14, amino acids 1-542 of SEQ ID NO:16, amino acids 23-312 of SEQ ID NO:16, amino acids 1-540 of SEQ ID NO:18, amino acids 23-310 of SEQ ID NO:18, amino acids 1-528 of SEQ ID NO:22, amino acids 23-298 of SEQ ID NO:22;

- (b) fragments of the polypeptides of (a) wherein said fragments retain at least one ADAMdis activity;
- (c) variants of the polypeptides of (a) or (b), wherein said variants retain at least one ADAMdis activity; and
- (d) fusion polypeptides comprising the polypeptides of (a), (b), or (c), wherein said fusion polypeptides retain at least one ADAMdis activity.

12. The method of claim 11 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of amino acids 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:2, 34-92 of SEQ ID NO:4, 34-99 of SEQ ID NO:6, 34-92 of SEQ ID NO:8, 34-93 of SEQ ID NO:10, 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:12, 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:14, 34-92 of SEQ ID NO:16, 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:18, or 34-91 of SEQ ID NO:22.

13. The method of one of claims 1-12 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide is a variant that is at least 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 98%, or 99% identical in amino acid sequence to a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

(a) amino acids 1-494 of SEQ ID NO:2, amino acids 23-264 of SEQ ID NO:2, amino acids 1-533 of SEQ ID NO:4, amino acids 23-303 of SEQ ID NO:4, amino acids 1-465 of SEQ ID NO:6, amino acids 23-235 of SEQ ID NO:6, amino acids 1-522 of SEQ ID NO:8, amino acids 23-292 of SEQ ID NO:8, amino acids 1-446 of SEQ ID NO:10, amino acids 23-216 of SEQ ID NO:10, amino acids 1-535 of SEQ ID NO:12, amino acids 23-305 of SEQ ID NO:12, amino acids 1-523 of SEQ ID NO:14, amino acids 23-293 of SEQ ID NO:14, amino acids 1-542 of SEQ ID NO:16, amino acids 23-312 of SEQ ID NO:16, amino acids 1-540 of SEQ ID NO:18, amino acids 23-310 of SEQ ID NO:18, amino acids 1-528 of SEQ ID NO:22, amino acids 23-298 of SEQ ID NO:22; and

(b) fragments of the polypeptides of (a),  
wherein said variant polypeptide retains at least one ADAMdis activity.

14. The method of one of claims 1-10 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) nucleotides 118-1599 of SEQ ID NO:1, nucleotides 184-909 of SEQ ID NO:1, nucleotides 46-1644 of SEQ ID NO:3, nucleotides 112-954 of SEQ ID NO:3, nucleotides 25-1419 of SEQ ID NO:5, nucleotides 91-729 of SEQ ID NO:5, nucleotides 41-1606 of SEQ ID NO:7, nucleotides 107-916 of SEQ ID NO:7, nucleotides 25-1362 of SEQ ID NO:9, nucleotides 91-672 of SEQ ID NO:9, nucleotides 25-1629 of SEQ ID NO:11, nucleotides 91-939 of SEQ ID NO:11, nucleotides 25-1593 of SEQ ID NO:13, nucleotides 91-903 of SEQ ID NO:13, nucleotides 25-1650 of SEQ ID NO:15, nucleotides 91-960 of SEQ ID NO:15, nucleotides 25-1644 of SEQ ID NO:17, nucleotides 91-954 of SEQ ID NO:17, nucleotides 118-1701 of SEQ ID NO:21, nucleotides 184-1011 of SEQ ID NO:21;

(b) sequences which, due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, encode a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid of (a); and

(c) sequences that hybridize under conditions of moderate or high stringency to a sequence of (a) or (b) and that encode a polypeptide that retains at least one ADAMdis activity.

15. The method of one of claim 11-14 wherein the ADAMdis activity is selected from the group consisting of integrin binding activity, inhibition of endothelial cell migration, and inhibition of angiogenesis.
16. The method of one of claims 1-15 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide has been produced by culturing a recombinant cell that encodes the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide under conditions permitting expression of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide, and recovering the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide.
17. The method of one of claims 1-16 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide is present in a composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
18. The method of claim 2 wherein the mammal has a disease or condition mediated by angiogenesis.
19. The method of claim 18 wherein the disease or condition is characterized by ocular neovascularization.
20. The method of claim 18 wherein the disease or condition is a solid tumor.
21. The method of one of claims 1-20 wherein the method further comprises treating the mammal with radiation.
22. The method of one of claims 1-21 wherein the method further comprises treating the mammal with a second therapeutic agent.
23. The method of claim 22 wherein the second therapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of alkylating agents, antimetabolites, vinca alkaloids and other plant-derived chemotherapeutics, antitumor antibiotics, antitumor enzymes, topoisomerase inhibitors, platinum analogs, adrenocortical suppressants, hormones and antihormones, antibodies, immunotherapeutics, radiotherapeutics, and biological response modifiers.
24. The method of claim 22 wherein the second therapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of cisplatin, cyclophosphamide, bleomycin, carboplatin, fluorouracil, 5-fluorouracil, 5-fluorodeoxyuridine, methotrexate, taxol, asparaginase, vincristine, vinblastine, mechlorethamine, melphalan, 5-fluorodeoxyuridine, lymphokines and cytokines such as interleukins, interferons (alpha., beta. or delta.) and TNF, chlorambucil, busulfan, carmustine, lomustine, semustine, streptozocin, dacarbazine, cytarabine, mercaptopurine, thioguanine, vindesine, etoposide, teniposide, dactinomycin, daunorubicin, doxorubicin, bleomycin, plicamycin, mitomycin, L-asparaginase, hydroxyurea, methylhydrazine, mitotane, tamoxifen, fluoxymesterone, and COX-2 inhibitors.
25. The method of claim 22 wherein the second therapeutic agent is a polypeptide, including soluble forms thereof, selected from the group consisting of Flt3 ligand, CD40 ligand, interleukin-2, interleukin-12, 4-1BB ligand, anti-4-1BB antibodies, TRAIL, TNF antagonists and TNF receptor antagonists including TNFR/Fc, Tek antagonists, TWEAK antagonists and TWEAK-R antagonists including TWEAK-R/Fc, VEGF antagonists including anti-VEGF antibodies, VEGF receptor antagonists, CD148 binding proteins, and nectin-3 antagonists.

26. The method of claim 2 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain is administered parenterally.
27. A method for inhibiting the biological activity of an integrin selected from the group consisting of  $\alpha_v\beta_3$ ,  $\alpha_2\beta_1$ ,  $\alpha_5\beta_1$ ,  $\alpha_6\beta_1$ ,  $\alpha_6\beta_4$ , and  $\alpha_v\beta_5$  comprising contacting the integrin with an inhibition-effective amount of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide.
28. The method of claim 27 wherein the integrin is  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  and wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain does not contain an RGD sequence.
29. The method of claim 28 wherein the ADAM is ADAM-17, ADAM-20, or ADAM-22.
30. The method of claim 27 wherein the integrin is  $\alpha_2\beta_1$  and the ADAM is ADAM-23.
31. The method of claim 27 wherein the integrin is  $\alpha_5\beta_1$  and the ADAM is ADAM-15 ADAM-21, ADAM-22, or ADAM-23.
32. The method of claim 27 wherein the integrin is  $\alpha_6\beta_1$  or  $\alpha_6\beta_4$  and the ADAM is ADAM-10, ADAM-17, ADAM-22, or ADAM-23.
33. The method of claim 27 wherein the integrin is  $\alpha_v\beta_5$  and the ADAM is ADAM-10, ADAM-15, or ADAM-23.
34. A method for identifying a compound that modulates integrin biological activity comprising:
  - (a) combining a test compound with an integrin and an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide that binds to the integrin; and
  - (b) determining whether the test compound alters the binding of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide to the integrin.
35. A method for identifying a compound that modulates the interaction between an integrin and an ADAM disintegrin domain comprising:
  - (a) combining a test compound with the integrin and an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide that binds to the integrin; and
  - (b) determining whether the test compound alters the binding of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide to the integrin.
36. The method of claim 34 or 35 wherein the integrin is present on a cell surface.
37. The method of claim 36 wherein the cell is an endothelial cell.
38. The method of one of claims 34-37 wherein the integrin is selected from the group consisting of  $\alpha_v\beta_3$ ,  $\alpha_2\beta_1$ ,  $\alpha_5\beta_1$ ,  $\alpha_6\beta_1$ ,  $\alpha_6\beta_4$ , and  $\alpha_v\beta_5$ .
39. The method of one of claims 34-38 wherein the integrin biological activity or integrin binding activity is at least partially inhibited.
40. A method for identifying a compound that inhibits endothelial cell migration and/or angiogenesis comprising:
  - (a) combining a test compound with endothelial cells and with an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide that binds to endothelial cells; and

(b) determining whether the test compound alters the binding of the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide to the endothelial cells.

41. The method of one of claims 34-40 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide comprises an ADAM disintegrin domain from ADAM-8, ADAM-9, ADAM-10, ADAM-15, ADAM-17, ADAM-20, ADAM-21, ADAM-22, ADAM-23, or ADAM-29.

42. The method of claim 41 wherein the ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide comprises an ADAM disintegrin domain from ADAM-17, ADAM-20, or ADAM-23.

## SEQUENCE LISTING

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Gly	Tyr	Cys	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Ala	Cys	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gln	Gln	Cys	Gln	
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Ile	Cys	Ile	Val	Asp	Val	Cys	His	Ala	Leu	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Gly	Thr	
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 Cys Cys Gln Glu Cys Lys Val Lys Pro Ala Gly Glu Leu Cys Arg Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Lys Asp Met Cys Asp Leu Glu Glu Phe Cys Asp Gly Arg His Pro  
 85 90 95  
 Glu Cys Pro Glu Asp Ala Phe Gln Glu Asn Gly Thr Pro Cys Ser Gly  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Tyr Cys Tyr Asn Gly Ala Cys Pro Thr Leu Ala Gln Gln Cys Gln  
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 Thr Glu Val His Ala Ala Ser Gly Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr  
 260 265 270  
 Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe  
 275 280 285  
 Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro  
 290 295 300  
 Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val  
 340 345 350  
 Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val  
 405 410 415  
 Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly  
 420 425 430  
 Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
 435 440 445  
 Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp  
 450 455 460  
 Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His  
 465 470 475 480  
 Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 485 490

<210> 3  
 <211> 1668  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (46)..(1647)

<400> 3  
 ggtaccgggc cccccctcga ggtcgaccca agctggctag ccacc atg gag aca gac 57  
 Met Glu Thr Asp  
 1

aca ctc ctg cta tgg gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca ggt tcc act ggt 105  
 Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Gly  
 5 10 15 20

act agt tgt ggt aat aag ttg gtg gac gct ggg gaa gag tgt gac tgt 153

Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Lys Leu Val Asp Ala Gly Glu Glu Cys Asp Cys		
25	30	35
ggt act cca aag gaa tgt gaa ttg gac cct tgc tgc gaa gga agt acc		201
Gly Thr Pro Lys Glu Cys Glu Leu Asp Pro Cys Cys Glu Gly Ser Thr		
40	45	50
tgt aag ctt aaa tca ttt gct gag tgt gca tat ggt gac tgt tgt aaa		249
Cys Lys Leu Lys Ser Phe Ala Glu Cys Ala Tyr Gly Asp Cys Cys Lys		
55	60	65
gac tgt cgg ttc ctt cca gga ggt act tta tgc cga gga aaa acc agt		297
Asp Cys Arg Phe Leu Pro Gly Gly Thr Leu Cys Arg Gly Lys Thr Ser		
70	75	80
gag tgt gat gtt cca gag tac tgc aat ggt tct tct cag ttc tgt cag		345
Glu Cys Asp Val Pro Glu Tyr Cys Asn Gly Ser Ser Gln Phe Cys Gln		
85	90	95
100		
cca gat gtt ttt att cag aat gga tat cct tgc cag aat aac aaa gcc		393
Pro Asp Val Phe Ile Gln Asn Gly Tyr Pro Cys Gln Asn Asn Lys Ala		
105	110	115
tat tgc tac aac ggc atg tgc cag tat tat gat gct caa tgt caa gtc		441
Tyr Cys Tyr Asn Gly Met Cys Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Ala Gln Cys Gln Val		
120	125	130
atc ttt ggc tca aaa gcc aag gct gcc ccc aaa gat tgt ttc att gaa		489
Ile Phe Gly Ser Lys Ala Lys Ala Ala Pro Lys Asp Cys Phe Ile Glu		
135	140	145
gtg aat tct aaa ggt gac aga ttt ggc aat tgt ggt ttc tct ggc aat		537
Val Asn Ser Lys Gly Asp Arg Phe Gly Asn Cys Gly Phe Ser Gly Asn		
150	155	160
gaa tac aag aag tgt gcc act ggg aat gct ttg tgt gga aag ctt cag		585
Glu Tyr Lys Lys Cys Ala Thr Gly Asn Ala Leu Cys Gly Lys Leu Gln		
165	170	175
180		
tgt gag aat gta caa gag ata cct gta ttt gga att gtg cct gct att		633
Cys Glu Asn Val Gln Glu Ile Pro Val Phe Gly Ile Val Pro Ala Ile		
185	190	195
att caa acg cct agt cga ggc acc aaa tgt tgg ggt gtg gat ttc cag		681
Ile Gln Thr Pro Ser Arg Gly Thr Lys Cys Trp Gly Val Asp Phe Gln		
200	205	210
ctc gga tca gat gtt cca gat cct ggg atg gtt aac gaa ggc aca aaa		729
Leu Gly Ser Asp Val Pro Asp Pro Gly Met Val Asn Glu Gly Thr Lys		
215	220	225
tgt ggt gct gga aag atc tgt aga aac ttc cag tgt gta gat gct tct		777
Cys Gly Ala Gly Lys Ile Cys Arg Asn Phe Gln Cys Val Asp Ala Ser		
230	235	240
gtt ctg aat tat gac tgt gat gtt cag aaa aag tgt cat gga cat ggg		825
Val Leu Asn Tyr Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys Lys Cys His Gly His Gly		
245	250	255
260		
gta tgt aat agc aat aag aat tgt cac tgt gaa aat ggc tgg gct ccc		873
Val Cys Asn Ser Asn Lys Asn Cys His Cys Glu Asn Gly Trp Ala Pro		
265	270	275
cca aat tgt gag act aaa gga tac gga gga agt gtg gac agt gga cct		921
Pro Asn Cys Glu Thr Lys Gly Tyr Gly Ser Val Asp Ser Gly Pro		
280	285	290

aca tac aat gaa atg aat act gca ttg agg gac gga tct tgt gac aaa 969  
 Thr Tyr Asn Glu Met Asn Thr Ala Leu Arg Asp Gly Ser Cys Asp Lys  
 295 300 305  
 act cac aca tgc cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa gcc gag ggc gcg ccg 1017  
 Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro  
 310 315 320  
 tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc 1065  
 Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser  
 325 330 335 340  
 cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa gac 1113  
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp  
 345 350 355  
 cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat 1161  
 Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn  
 360 365 370  
 gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc acg tac ccg gtg 1209  
 Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val  
 375 380 385  
 gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg aat ggc aag gag 1257  
 Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu  
 390 395 400  
 tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc ccc atc gag aaa 1305  
 Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys  
 405 410 415 420  
 acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca cag gtg tac acc 1353  
 Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr  
 425 430 435  
 ctg ccc cca tcc cgg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag gtc agc ctg acc 1401  
 Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr  
 440 445 450  
 tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc gtg gag tgg gag 1449  
 Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu  
 455 460 465  
 agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg cct ccc gtg ctg 1497  
 Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu  
 470 475 480  
 gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc acc gtg gac aag 1545  
 Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys  
 485 490 495 500  
 agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag 1593  
 Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu  
 505 510 515  
 gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct ccg ggt 1641  
 Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly  
 520 525 530  
 aaa tga actagagcgg ccgctacaga t 1668  
 Lys

&lt;211&gt; 533

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;223&gt; Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion polypeptide

&lt;400&gt; 4

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Lys Leu Val Asp Ala Gly Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Thr Pro Lys Glu Cys Glu Leu Asp Pro Cys Cys  
 35 40 45  
 Glu Gly Ser Thr Cys Lys Leu Lys Ser Phe Ala Glu Cys Ala Tyr Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Asp Cys Cys Lys Asp Cys Arg Phe Leu Pro Gly Gly Thr Leu Cys Arg  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Lys Thr Ser Glu Cys Asp Val Pro Glu Tyr Cys Asn Gly Ser Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Gln Phe Cys Gln Pro Asp Val Phe Ile Gln Asn Gly Tyr Pro Cys Gln  
 100 105 110  
 Asn Asn Lys Ala Tyr Cys Tyr Asn Gly Met Cys Gln Tyr Tyr Asp Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Gln Cys Gln Val Ile Phe Gly Ser Lys Ala Lys Ala Ala Pro Lys Asp  
 130 135 140  
 Cys Phe Ile Glu Val Asn Ser Lys Gly Asp Arg Phe Gly Asn Cys Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Phe Ser Gly Asn Glu Tyr Lys Lys Cys Ala Thr Gly Asn Ala Leu Cys  
 165 170 175  
 Gly Lys Leu Gln Cys Glu Asn Val Gln Glu Ile Pro Val Phe Gly Ile  
 180 185 190  
 Val Pro Ala Ile Ile Gln Thr Pro Ser Arg Gly Thr Lys Cys Trp Gly  
 195 200 205  
 Val Asp Phe Gln Leu Gly Ser Asp Val Pro Asp Pro Gly Met Val Asn  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Gly Thr Lys Cys Gly Ala Gly Lys Ile Cys Arg Asn Phe Gln Cys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Val Asp Ala Ser Val Leu Asn Tyr Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys Lys Cys  
 245 250 255  
 His Gly His Gly Val Cys Asn Ser Asn Lys Asn Cys His Cys Glu Asn  
 260 265 270  
 Gly Trp Ala Pro Pro Asn Cys Glu Thr Lys Gly Tyr Gly Ser Val  
 275 280 285  
 Asp Ser Gly Pro Thr Tyr Asn Glu Met Asn Thr Ala Leu Arg Asp Gly  
 290 295 300  
 Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala  
 305 310 315 320  
 Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
 340 345 350  
 Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val  
 355 360 365  
 Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
 385 390 395 400  
 Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
 405 410 415  
 Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
 420 425 430  
 Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln  
 435 440 445  
 Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
 450 455 460

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
 465 470 475 480  
 Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
 485 490 495  
 Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
 500 505 510  
 Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
 515 520 525  
 Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 530

<210> 5  
 <211> 1443  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (25)..(1422)

<400> 5  
 gtcgacccaa gctggcttagc cacc atg gag aca gac aca ctc ctg cta tgg 51  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp  
 1 5  
 gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca ggt tcc act ggt act agt tgt gga aat 99  
 Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn  
 10 15 20 25  
 gga atg gta gaa caa ggt gaa gaa tgt gat tgt ggc tat agt gac cag 147  
 Gly Met Val Glu Gln Gly Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Tyr Ser Asp Gln  
 30 35 40  
 tgt aaa gat gaa tgc tgc ttc gat gca aat caa cca gag gga aga aaa 195  
 Cys Lys Asp Glu Cys Cys Phe Asp Ala Asn Gln Pro Glu Gly Arg Lys  
 45 50 55  
 tgc aaa ctg aaa cct ggg aaa cag tgc agt cca agt caa ggt cct tgt 243  
 Cys Lys Leu Lys Pro Gly Lys Gln Cys Ser Pro Ser Gln Gly Pro Cys  
 60 65 70  
 tgt aca gca cag tgt gca ttc aag tca aag tct gag aag tgt cgg gat 291  
 Cys Thr Ala Gln Cys Ala Phe Lys Ser Lys Ser Glu Lys Cys Arg Asp  
 75 80 85  
 gat tca gac tgt gca agg gaa gga ata tgt aat ggc ttc aca gct ctc 339  
 Asp Ser Asp Cys Ala Arg Glu Gly Ile Cys Asn Gly Phe Thr Ala Leu  
 90 95 100 105  
 tgc cca gca tct gac cct aaa cca aac ttc aca gac tgt aat agg cat 387  
 Cys Pro Ala Ser Asp Pro Lys Pro Asn Phe Thr Asp Cys Asn Arg His  
 110 115 120  
 aca caa gtg tgc att aat ggg caa tgt gca ggt tct atc tgt gag aaa 435  
 Thr Gln Val Cys Ile Asn Gly Gln Cys Ala Gly Ser Ile Cys Glu Lys  
 125 130 135  
 tat ggc tta gag gag tgt acg tgt gcc agt tct gat ggc aaa gat gat 483  
 Tyr Gly Leu Glu Glu Cys Thr Cys Ala Ser Ser Asp Gly Lys Asp Asp  
 140 145 150

aaa gaa tta tgc cat gta tgc tgt atg aag aaa atg gac cca tca act	531
Lys Glu Leu Cys His Val Cys Cys Met Lys Lys Met Asp Pro Ser Thr	
155 160 165	
tgt gcc agt aca ggg tct gtg cag tgg agt agg cac ttc agt ggt cga	579
Cys Ala Ser Thr Gly Ser Val Gln Trp Ser Arg His Phe Ser Gly Arg	
170 175 180 185	
acc atc acc ctg caa cct gga tcc cct tgc aac gat ttt aga ggt tac	627
Thr Ile Thr Leu Gln Pro Gly Ser Pro Cys Asn Asp Phe Arg Gly Tyr	
190 195 200	
tgt gat gtt ttc atg cgg tgc aga tta gta gat gct gat ggt cct cta	675
Cys Asp Val Phe Met Arg Cys Arg Leu Val Asp Ala Asp Gly Pro Leu	
205 210 215	
gct agg ctt aaa aaa gca att ttt agt cca gag ctc tat gaa aac att	723
Ala Arg Leu Lys Lys Ala Ile Phe Ser Pro Glu Leu Tyr Glu Asn Ile	
220 225 230	
gct gaa aga tct tgt gac aaa act cac aca tgc cca ccg tgc cca gca	771
Ala Glu Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala	
235 240 245	
cct gaa gcc gag ggc gcg ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc	819
Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro	
250 255 260 265	
aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg	867
Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val	
270 275 280	
gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg	915
Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val	
285 290 295	
gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg ccg gag gag cag	963
Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln	
300 305 310	
tac aac agc acg tac cgg gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag	1011
Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln	
315 320 325	
gac tgg ctg aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc	1059
Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala	
330 335 340 345	
ctc cca gcc ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc	1107
Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro	
350 355 360	
cga gaa cca cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc cgg gat gag ctg acc	1155
Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr	
365 370 375	
aag aac cag gtc agc ctg acc tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc	1203
Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser	
380 385 390	
gac atc gcc gtg gag tgg gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac	1251
Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr	
395 400 405	
aag acc acg cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ctc tac	1299

Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	
410					415					420				425		
agc	aag	ctc	acc	gtg	gac	aag	agc	agg	tgg	cag	cag	ggg	aac	gtc	tcc	1347
Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	
					430				435				440			
tca	tgc	tcc	gtg	atg	cat	gag	gct	ctg	cac	cac	tac	acg	cag	aag		1395
Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	
					445			450				455				
agc	ctc	tcc	ctg	tct	ccg	ggt	aaa	tga	actagagcgg	ccgctacaga	t					1443
Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys									
					460			465								

<210> 6  
<211> 465

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion polypeptide

<400> 6

Met	Glu	Thr	Asp	Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Trp	Val	Leu	Leu	Trp	Val	Pro		
1					5				10			15				
Gly	Ser	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ser	Cys	Gly	Asn	Gly	Met	Val	Glu	Gln	Gly	Glu	
										20	25		30			
Glu	Cys	Asp	Cys	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Gln	Cys	Lys	Asp	Glu	Cys	Cys	Phe	
										35	40		45			
Asp	Ala	Asn	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gly	Arg	Lys	Cys	Lys	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	
										50	55		60			
Gln	Cys	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gln	Gly	Pro	Cys	Cys	Thr	Ala	Gln	Cys	Ala	Phe	
										65	70		75		80	
Lys	Ser	Lys	Ser	Glu	Lys	Cys	Arg	Asp	Asp	Ser	Asp	Cys	Ala	Arg	Glu	
										85	90		95			
Gly	Ile	Cys	Asn	Gly	Phe	Thr	Ala	Leu	Cys	Pro	Ala	Ser	Asp	Pro	Lys	
										100	105		110			
Pro	Asn	Phe	Thr	Asp	Cys	Asn	Arg	His	Thr	Gln	Val	Cys	Ile	Asn	Gly	
										115	120		125			
Gln	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ser	Ile	Cys	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Glu	Glu	Cys	Thr	
										130	135		140			
Cys	Ala	Ser	Ser	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	Glu	Leu	Cys	His	Val	Cys	
										145	150		155		160	
Cys	Met	Lys	Lys	Met	Asp	Pro	Ser	Thr	Cys	Ala	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ser	Val	
										165	170		175			
Gln	Trp	Ser	Arg	His	Phe	Ser	Gly	Arg	Thr	Ile	Thr	Leu	Gln	Pro	Gly	
										180	185		190			
Ser	Pro	Cys	Asn	Asp	Phe	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Asp	Val	Phe	Met	Arg	Cys	
										195	200		205			
Arg	Leu	Val	Asp	Ala	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ala	Arg	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ala	Ile	
										210	215		220			
Phe	Ser	Pro	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Ile	Ala	Glu	Arg	Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys	
										225	230		235		240	
Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Ala	Glu	Gly	Ala	Pro	
										245	250		255			
Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	
										260	265		270			
Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	
										275	280		285			
Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	
										290	295		300			
Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	
										305	310		315		320	
Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	
										325	330		335			

Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys  
 340 345 350  
 Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr  
 355 360 365  
 Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr  
 370 375 380  
 Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu  
 405 410 415  
 Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys  
 420 425 430  
 Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu  
 435 440 445  
 Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Lys  
 465

<210> 7  
 <211> 1638  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (41)...(1609)

<400> 7  
 cggggccccc ctcgaggctcg acccaagctg gctagccacc atg gag aca gac aca 55  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr  
 1 5

ctc ctg cta tgg gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca ggt tcc act ggt act 103  
 Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr  
 10 15 20

agt tgc gga aat atg ttt gtg gag ccg ggc gag cag tgt gac tgt ggc 151  
 Ser Cys Gly Asn Met Phe Val Glu Pro Gly Glu Gln Cys Asp Cys Gly  
 25 30 35

ttc ctg gat gac tgc gtc gat ccc tgc tgt gat tct ttg acc tgc cag 199  
 Phe Leu Asp Asp Cys Val Asp Pro Cys Cys Asp Ser Leu Thr Cys Gln  
 40 45 50

ctg agg cca ggt gca cag tgt gca tct gac gga ccc tgt tgt caa aat 247  
 Leu Arg Pro Gly Ala Gln Cys Ala Ser Asp Gly Pro Cys Cys Gln Asn  
 55 60 65

tgc cag ctg cgc ccg tct ggc tgg cag tgt cgt cct acc aga ggg gat 295  
 Cys Gln Leu Arg Pro Ser Gly Trp Gln Cys Arg Pro Thr Arg Gly Asp  
 70 75 80 85

tgt gac ttg cct gaa ttc tgc cca gga gac agc tcc cag tgt ccc cct 343  
 Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu Phe Cys Pro Gly Asp Ser Ser Gln Cys Pro Pro  
 90 95 100

gat gtc agc cta ggg gat ggc gag ccc tgc gct ggc ggg caa gct gtg 391  
 Asp Val Ser Leu Gly Asp Gly Glu Pro Cys Ala Gly Gly Gln Ala Val  
 105 110 115

tgc atg cac ggg cgt tgt gcc tcc tat gcc cag cag tgc cag tca ctt	439
Cys Met His Gly Arg Cys Ala Ser Tyr Ala Gln Gln Cys Gln Ser Leu	
120 125 130	
tgg gga cct gga gcc cag ccc gct gcg cca ctt tgc ctc cag aca gct	487
Trp Gly Pro Gly Ala Gln Pro Ala Ala Pro Leu Cys Leu Gln Thr Ala	
135 140 145	
aat act cgg gga aat gct ttt ggg agc tgt ggg cgc aac ccc agt ggc	535
Asn Thr Arg Gly Asn Ala Phe Gly Ser Cys Gly Arg Asn Pro Ser Gly	
150 155 160 165	
agt tat gtg tcc tgc acc cct aga gat gcc att tgt ggg cag ctc cag	583
Ser Tyr Val Ser Cys Thr Pro Arg Asp Ala Ile Cys Gly Gln Leu Gln	
170 175 180	
tgc cag aca ggt agg acc cag cct ctg ctg ggc tcc atc cgg gat cta	631
Cys Gln Thr Gly Arg Thr Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ile Arg Asp Leu	
185 190 195	
ctc tgg gag aca ata gat gtg aat ggg act gag ctg aac tgc agc tgg	679
Leu Trp Glu Thr Ile Asp Val Asn Gly Thr Glu Leu Asn Cys Ser Trp	
200 205 210	
gtg cac ctg gac ctg ggc agt gat gtg gcc cag ccc ctc ctg act ctg	727
Val His Leu Asp Leu Gly Ser Asp Val Ala Gln Pro Leu Leu Thr Leu	
215 220 225	
cct ggc aca gcc tgt ggc cct ggc ctg gtg tgt ata gac cat cga tgc	775
Pro Gly Thr Ala Cys Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Cys Ile Asp His Arg Cys	
230 235 240 245	
cag cgt gtg gat ctc ctg ggg gca cag gaa tgt cga agc aaa tgc cat	823
Gln Arg Val Asp Leu Leu Gly Ala Gln Glu Cys Arg Ser Lys Cys His	
250 255 260	
gga cat ggg gtc tgt gac agc aac agg cac tgc tac tgt gag gag ggc	871
Gly His Gly Val Cys Asp Ser Asn Arg His Cys Tyr Cys Glu Glu Gly	
265 270 275	
tgg gca ccc cct gac tgc acc act cag ctc aaa gca acc agc tcc aga	919
Trp Ala Pro Pro Asp Cys Thr Thr Gln Leu Lys Ala Thr Ser Ser Arg	
280 285 290	
tct tgt gac aaa act cac aca tgc cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa gcc	967
Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala	
295 300 305	
gag ggc gcg ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc	1015
Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr	
310 315 320 325	
ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gac gtg	1063
Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val	
330 335 340	
agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg	1111
Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val	
345 350 355	
gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg ccg gag gag cag tac aac agc	1159
Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser	
360 365 370	
acg tac cgt gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg	1207

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu		
375	380	385
aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc		1255
Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala		
390	395	400
405		
ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca		1303
Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro		
410	415	420
cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc cgg gag gag atg acc aag aac cag		1351
Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln		
425	430	435
gtc agc ctg acc tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc		1399
Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala		
440	445	450
gtg gag tgg gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg		1447
Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr		
455	460	465
cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tat agc aag ctc		1495
Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu		
470	475	480
485		
acc gtg gac aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc		1543
Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser		
490	495	500
gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc		1591
Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser		
505	510	515
ctg tct ccg ggt aaa tga actagagccg ccccccaccgc ggtggagct		1638
Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys		
520		

<210> 8  
 <211> 522  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<400> 8  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Met Phe Val Glu Pro Gly Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Gln Cys Asp Cys Gly Phe Leu Asp Asp Cys Val Asp Pro Cys Cys Asp  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Leu Thr Cys Gln Leu Arg Pro Gly Ala Gln Cys Ala Ser Asp Gly  
 50 55 60  
 Pro Cys Cys Gln Asn Cys Gln Leu Arg Pro Ser Gly Trp Gln Cys Arg  
 65 70 75 80  
 Pro Thr Arg Gly Asp Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu Phe Cys Pro Gly Asp Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Ser Gln Cys Pro Pro Asp Val Ser Leu Gly Asp Gly Glu Pro Cys Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Gly Gln Ala Val Cys Met His Gly Arg Cys Ala Ser Tyr Ala Gln  
 115 120 125  
 Gln Cys Gln Ser Leu Trp Gly Pro Gly Ala Gln Pro Ala Ala Pro Leu  
 130 135 140

Cys Leu Gln Thr Ala Asn Thr Arg Gly Asn Ala Phe Gly Ser Cys Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Arg Asn Pro Ser Gly Ser Tyr Val Ser Cys Thr Pro Arg Asp Ala Ile  
 165 170 175  
 Cys Gly Gln Leu Gln Cys Gln Thr Gly Arg Thr Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Ile Arg Asp Leu Leu Trp Glu Thr Ile Asp Val Asn Gly Thr Glu  
 195 200 205  
 Leu Asn Cys Ser Trp Val His Leu Asp Leu Gly Ser Asp Val Ala Gln  
 210 215 220  
 Pro Leu Leu Thr Leu Pro Gly Thr Ala Cys Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Cys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ile Asp His Arg Cys Gln Arg Val Asp Leu Leu Gly Ala Gln Glu Cys  
 245 250 255  
 Arg Ser Lys Cys His Gly His Gly Val Cys Asp Ser Asn Arg His Cys  
 260 265 270  
 Tyr Cys Glu Glu Gly Trp Ala Pro Pro Asp Cys Thr Thr Gln Leu Lys  
 275 280 285  
 Ala Thr Ser Ser Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys  
 290 295 300  
 Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys  
 325 330 335  
 Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp  
 340 345 350  
 Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu  
 355 360 365  
 Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu  
 370 375 380  
 His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn  
 385 390 395 400  
 Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly  
 405 410 415  
 Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu  
 420 425 430  
 Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr  
 435 440 445  
 Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn  
 450 455 460  
 Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe  
 465 470 475 480  
 Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn  
 485 490 495  
 Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr  
 500 505 510  
 Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 515 520

<210> 9  
 <211> 1386  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (25)...(1365)

<400> 9  
 gtcgacccaa gctggcttagc cacc atg gag aca gac aca ctc ctg cta tgg 51

Met	Glu	Thr	Asp	Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Trp								
1																
gta	ctg	ctg	ctc	tgg	gtt	cca	ggt	tcc	act	ggt	act	agt	tgt	ggg	aac	99
Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Trp	Val	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ser	Cys	Gly	Asn	
10					15				20						25	
tcg	agg	gtg	gat	gaa	gga	gaa	gag	tgt	gat	cct	ggc	atc	atg	tat	ctg	147
Ser	Arg	Val	Asp	Glu	Gly	Glu	Glu	Cys	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ile	Met	Tyr	Leu	
					30				35					40		
aac	aac	gac	acc	tgc	tgc	aac	agc	gac	tgc	acg	ttg	aag	gaa	ggt	gtc	195
Asn	Asn	Asp	Thr	Cys	Cys	Asn	Ser	Asp	Cys	Thr	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gly	Val	
					45				50					55		
cag	tgc	agt	gac	agg	aac	agt	cct	tgc	tgt	aaa	aac	tgt	cag	ttt	gag	243
Gln	Cys	Ser	Asp	Arg	Asn	Ser	Pro	Cys	Cys	Lys	Asn	Cys	Gln	Phe	Glu	
					60				65					70		
act	gcc	cag	aag	tgc	cag	gag	gcg	att	aat	gct	act	tgc	aaa	ggc	291	
Thr	Ala	Gln	Lys	Lys	Cys	Gln	Glu	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ala	Thr	Cys	Lys	Gly	
					75				80					85		
gtg	tcc	tac	tgc	aca	ggt	aat	agc	agt	gag	tgc	ccg	cct	cca	gga	aat	339
Val	Ser	Tyr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	Glu	Cys	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gly	Asn	
					90				95					105		
gct	gaa	gat	gac	act	gtt	tgc	ttg	gat	ctt	ggc	aag	tgt	aag	gat	ggg	387
Ala	Glu	Asp	Asp	Thr	Val	Cys	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Lys	Cys	Lys	Asp	Gly	
					110				115					120		
aaa	tgc	atc	cct	tcc	tgc	gag	agg	gaa	cag	cag	ctg	gag	tcc	tgt	gca	435
Lys	Cys	Ile	Pro	Phe	Cys	Glu	Arg	Glu	Gln	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ser	Cys	Ala	
					125				130					135		
tgt	aat	gaa	act	gac	aac	tcc	tgc	aag	gtg	tgc	tgc	agg	gac	ctt	tcc	483
Cys	Asn	Glu	Thr	Asp	Asn	Ser	Cys	Lys	Val	Cys	Cys	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ser	
					140				145					150		
ggc	cgc	tgt	gtg	ccc	tat	gtc	gat	gct	gaa	caa	aag	aac	tta	ttt	ttg	531
Gly	Arg	Cys	Val	Pro	Tyr	Val	Asp	Ala	Glu	Gln	Lys	Asn	Leu	Phe	Leu	
					155				160					165		
agg	aaa	gga	aag	ccc	tgt	aca	gta	gga	ttt	tgt	gac	atg	aat	ggc	aaa	579
Arg	Lys	Gly	Lys	Pro	Cys	Thr	Val	Gly	Phe	Cys	Asp	Met	Asn	Gly	Lys	
					170				175					180		185
tgt	gag	aaa	cga	gta	cag	gat	gta	att	gaa	cga	ttt	tgg	gat	ttc	att	627
Cys	Glu	Lys	Arg	Val	Gln	Asp	Val	Ile	Glu	Arg	Phe	Trp	Asp	Phe	Ile	
					190				195					200		
gac	cag	ctg	agc	atc	aat	act	ttt	gga	aag	ttt	tta	gca	gac	aac	aga	675
Asp	Gln	Leu	Ser	Ile	Asn	Thr	Phe	Gly	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ala	Asp	Asn	Arg	
					205				210					215		
tct	tgt	gac	aaa	act	cac	aca	tgc	cca	ccg	tgc	cca	gca	cct	gaa	gcc	723
Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Ala	
					220				225					230		
gag	ggc	gcg	ccg	tca	gtc	ttc	ctc	ttc	ccc	cca	aaa	ccc	aag	gac	acc	771
Glu	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	
					235				240					245		
ctc	atg	atc	tcc	cg	acc	cct	gag	gtc	aca	tgc	gtg	gtg	gtg	gac	gt	819
Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	
					250				255					260		265

agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 270 275 280	867
gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser 285 290 295	915
acg tac ccg gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu 300 305 310	963
aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 315 320 325	1011
ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro 330 335 340 345	1059
cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc ccg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln 350 355 360	1107
gtc agc ctg acc tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala 365 370 375	1155
gtg gag tgg gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr 380 385 390	1203
cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu 395 400 405	1251
acc gtg gac aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser 410 415 420 425	1299
gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser 430 435 440	1347
ctg tct ccg ggt aaa tga actagagccgg ccgctacaga t Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 445	1386

<210> 10  
 <211> 446  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<400> 10  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Ser Arg Val Asp Glu Gly Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Glu Cys Asp Pro Gly Ile Met Tyr Leu Asn Asn Asp Thr Cys Cys Asn  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Asp Cys Thr Leu Lys Glu Gly Val Gln Cys Ser Asp Arg Asn Ser  
 50 55 60

Pro Cys Cys Lys Asn Cys Gln Phe Glu Thr Ala Gln Lys Lys Cys Gln  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Ala Ile Asn Ala Thr Cys Lys Gly Val Ser Tyr Cys Thr Gly Asn  
 85 90 95  
 Ser Ser Glu Cys Pro Pro Gly Asn Ala Glu Asp Asp Thr Val Cys  
 100 105 110  
 Leu Asp Leu Gly Lys Cys Lys Asp Gly Lys Cys Ile Pro Phe Cys Glu  
 115 120 125  
 Arg Glu Gln Gln Leu Glu Ser Cys Ala Cys Asn Glu Thr Asp Asn Ser  
 130 135 140  
 Cys Lys Val Cys Cys Arg Asp Leu Ser Gly Arg Cys Val Pro Tyr Val  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Ala Glu Gln Lys Asn Leu Phe Leu Arg Lys Gly Lys Pro Cys Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Val Gly Phe Cys Asp Met Asn Gly Lys Cys Glu Lys Arg Val Gln Asp  
 180 185 190  
 Val Ile Glu Arg Phe Trp Asp Phe Ile Asp Gln Leu Ser Ile Asn Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Phe Gly Lys Phe Leu Ala Asp Asn Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr  
 210 215 220  
 Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe  
 225 230 235 240  
 Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro  
 245 250 255  
 Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val  
 260 265 270  
 Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val  
 290 295 300  
 Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser  
 325 330 335  
 Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro  
 340 345 350  
 Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly  
 370 375 380  
 Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp  
 405 410 415  
 Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His  
 420 425 430  
 Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 435 440 445

<210> 11  
 <211> 1653  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (25)..(1632)

<400> 11  
 gtcgaccCAA gctggctAGC cacc atG gag aCA gAC aCA cTC ctG cTA tGG 51

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp		
1	5	
gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca ggt tcc act ggt act agt tgt ggg aat		99
Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn		
10	15	25
ctg gtg gtt gaa gaa ggg gag gaa tgt gac tgt gga acc ata cgg cag		147
Leu Val Val Glu Glu Gly Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Thr Ile Arg Gln		
30	35	40
tgt gca aaa gat ccc tgt tgt ctg tta aac tgt act cta cat cct ggg		195
Cys Ala Lys Asp Pro Cys Cys Leu Leu Asn Cys Thr Leu His Pro Gly		
45	50	55
gct gct tgt gct ttt gga ata tgt tgc aaa gac tgc aaa ttt ctg cca		243
Ala Ala Cys Ala Phe Gly Ile Cys Cys Lys Asp Cys Lys Phe Leu Pro		
60	65	70
tca gga act tta tgt aga caa caa gtt ggt gaa tgt gac ctt cca gag		291
Ser Gly Thr Leu Cys Arg Gln Gln Val Gly Glu Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu		
75	80	85
tgg tgc aat ggg aca tcc cat caa tgc cca gat gat gtg tat gtg cag		339
Trp Cys Asn Gly Thr Ser His Gln Cys Pro Asp Asp Val Tyr Val Gln		
90	95	105
gac ggg atc tcc tgt aat gtg aat gcc ttc tgc tat gaa aag acg tgt		387
Asp Gly Ile Ser Cys Asn Val Asn Ala Phe Cys Tyr Glu Lys Thr Cys		
110	115	120
aat aac cat gat ata caa tgt aaa gag att ttt ggc caa gat gca agg		435
Asn Asn His Asp Ile Gln Cys Lys Glu Ile Phe Gly Gln Asp Ala Arg		
125	130	135
agt gca tct cag agt tgc tac caa gaa atc aac acc caa gga aac cgt		483
Ser Ala Ser Gln Ser Cys Tyr Gln Glu Ile Asn Thr Gln Gly Asn Arg		
140	145	150
ttc ggt cac tgt ggt att gta ggc aca aca tat gta aaa tgt tgg acc		531
Phe Gly His Cys Gly Ile Val Gly Thr Thr Tyr Val Lys Cys Trp Thr		
155	160	165
cct gat atc atg tgt ggg agg gtt cag tgt gaa aat gtg gga gta att		579
Pro Asp Ile Met Cys Gly Arg Val Gln Cys Glu Asn Val Gly Val Ile		
170	175	180
185		
ccc aat ctg ata gag cat tct aca gtg cag cag ttt cac ctc aat gac		627
Pro Asn Leu Ile Glu His Ser Thr Val Gln Gln Phe His Leu Asn Asp		
190	195	200
acc act tgc tgg ggc act gat tat cat tta ggg atg gct ata cct gat		675
Thr Thr Cys Trp Gly Thr Asp Tyr His Leu Gly Met Ala Ile Pro Asp		
205	210	215
att ggt gag gtg aaa gat ggc aca gta tgt ggt cca gaa aag atc tgc		723
Ile Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Gly Thr Val Cys Gly Pro Glu Lys Ile Cys		
220	225	230
atc cgt aag aag tgt gcc agt atg gtt cat ctg tca caa gcc tgt cag		771
Ile Arg Lys Lys Cys Ala Ser Met Val His Leu Ser Gln Ala Cys Gln		
235	240	245
cct aag acc tgc aac atg agg gga atc tgc aac aac aaa caa cac tgt		819
Pro Lys Thr Cys Asn Met Arg Gly Ile Cys Asn Asn Lys Gln His Cys		
250	255	260
265		

cac tgc aac cat gaa tgg gca ccc cca tac tgc aag gac aaa ggc tat	270	275	280	867
His Cys Asn His Glu Trp Ala Pro Pro Tyr Cys Lys Asp Lys Gly Tyr				
gga ggt agt gct gat agt ggc cca cct cct aag aac aac atg gaa gga	285	290	295	915
Gly Gly Ser Ala Asp Ser Gly Pro Pro Pro Lys Asn Asn Met Glu Gly				
tta aat gtg atg gga aag ttg cgt gga tct tgt gac aaa act cac aca	300	305	310	963
Leu Asn Val Met Gly Lys Leu Arg Gly Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr				
tgc cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa gcc gag ggc gcg ccg tca gtc ttc	315	320	325	1011
Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe				
ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct	330	335	340	1059
Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro				
gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc	350	355	360	1107
Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val				
aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca	365	370	375	1155
Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr				
aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc acg tac cgg gtg gtc agc gtc	380	385	390	1203
Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val				
ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc	395	400	405	1251
Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys				
aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc	410	415	420	1299
Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser				
aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca	430	435	440	1347
Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro				
tcc cgg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag gtc agc ctg acc tgc ctg gtc	445	450	455	1395
Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val				
aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc gtg gag tgg gag agc aat ggg	460	465	470	1443
Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly				
cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac	475	480	485	1491
Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp				
ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc acc gtg gac aag agc agg tgg	490	495	500	1539
Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp				
cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac	510	515	520	1587
Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His				
aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct ccg ggt aaa tga				1632

Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
525 530 535

actagagccgg ccgctacaga t

1653

<210> 12  
<211> 535  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
polypeptide

<400> 12  
Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Leu Val Val Glu Gly Glu  
20 25 30  
Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Thr Ile Arg Gln Cys Ala Lys Asp Pro Cys Cys  
35 40 45  
Leu Leu Asn Cys Thr Leu His Pro Gly Ala Ala Cys Ala Phe Gly Ile  
50 55 60  
Cys Cys Lys Asp Cys Lys Phe Leu Pro Ser Gly Thr Leu Cys Arg Gln  
65 70 75 80  
Gln Val Gly Glu Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu Trp Cys Asn Gly Thr Ser His  
85 90 95  
Gln Cys Pro Asp Asp Val Tyr Val Gln Asp Gly Ile Ser Cys Asn Val  
100 105 110  
Asn Ala Phe Cys Tyr Glu Lys Thr Cys Asn Asn His Asp Ile Gln Cys  
115 120 125  
Lys Glu Ile Phe Gly Gln Asp Ala Arg Ser Ala Ser Gln Ser Cys Tyr  
130 135 140  
Gln Glu Ile Asn Thr Gln Gly Asn Arg Phe Gly His Cys Gly Ile Val  
145 150 155 160  
Gly Thr Thr Tyr Val Lys Cys Trp Thr Pro Asp Ile Met Cys Gly Arg  
165 170 175  
Val Gln Cys Glu Asn Val Gly Val Ile Pro Asn Leu Ile Glu His Ser  
180 185 190  
Thr Val Gln Gln Phe His Leu Asn Asp Thr Thr Cys Trp Gly Thr Asp  
195 200 205  
Tyr His Leu Gly Met Ala Ile Pro Asp Ile Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Gly  
210 215 220  
Thr Val Cys Gly Pro Glu Lys Ile Cys Ile Arg Lys Lys Cys Ala Ser  
225 230 235 240  
Met Val His Leu Ser Gln Ala Cys Gln Pro Lys Thr Cys Asn Met Arg  
245 250 255  
Gly Ile Cys Asn Asn Lys Gln His Cys His Cys Asn His Glu Trp Ala  
260 265 270  
Pro Pro Tyr Cys Lys Asp Lys Gly Tyr Gly Gly Ser Ala Asp Ser Gly  
275 280 285  
Pro Pro Pro Lys Asn Asn Met Glu Gly Leu Asn Val Met Gly Lys Leu  
290 295 300  
Arg Gly Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
305 310 315 320  
Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
325 330 335  
Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
340 345 350  
Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
355 360 365  
Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr  
370 375 380  
Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp  
385 390 395 400  
Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
405 410 415

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg  
 420 425 430  
 Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys  
 435 440 445  
 Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
 450 455 460  
 Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
 465 470 475 480  
 Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
 485 490 495  
 Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
 500 505 510  
 Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser  
 515 520 525  
 Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 530 535

<210> 13  
 <211> 1617  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (25)...(1596)

<400> 13  
 gtcgacccaa gctggctagc cacc atg gag aca gac aca ctc ctg cta tgg 51  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp  
 1 5

gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca ggt tcc act ggt act agt tgt ggg aat 99  
 Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn  
 10 15 20 25

ggt gtg gtt gaa aga gaa gag cag tgt gac tgt gga tcc gta cag cag 147  
 Gly Val Val Glu Arg Glu Glu Gln Cys Asp Cys Gly Ser Val Gln Gln  
 30 35 40

tgt gaa caa gac gcc tgt tgt ctg ttg aac tgc act cta agg cct ggg 195  
 Cys Glu Gln Asp Ala Cys Cys Leu Leu Asn Cys Thr Leu Arg Pro Gly  
 45 50 55

gct gcc tgt gct ttt ggg ctt tgt tgc aaa gac tgc aag ttc atg cca 243  
 Ala Ala Cys Ala Phe Gly Leu Cys Cys Lys Asp Cys Lys Phe Met Pro  
 60 65 70

tca ggg gaa ctc tgt aga caa gag gtc aat gaa tgt gac ctt cca gaa 291  
 Ser Gly Glu Leu Cys Arg Gln Glu Val Asn Glu Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu  
 75 80 85

tgg tgc aat gga aca tct cat cag tgt cca gaa gat aga tat gtg cag 339  
 Trp Cys Asn Gly Thr Ser His Gln Cys Pro Glu Asp Arg Tyr Val Gln  
 90 95 100 105

gac ggg atc ccc tgt agt gac agt gcc tac tgc tat caa aag agg tgt 387  
 Asp Gly Ile Pro Cys Ser Asp Ser Ala Tyr Cys Tyr Gln Lys Arg Cys  
 110 115 120

aat aac cat gac cag cat tgc agg gag att ttt ggt aaa gat gca aaa 435

Asn Asn His Asp Gln His Cys Arg Glu Ile Phe Gly Lys Asp Ala Lys		
125	130	135
agt gca tct cag aat tgc tat aaa gaa atc aac tct cag gga aac cgt		483
Ser Ala Ser Gln Asn Cys Tyr Lys Glu Ile Asn Ser Gln Gly Asn Arg		
140	145	150
ttt ggt cac tgt ggt ata aat ggc aca aca tac cta aaa tgt cat atc		531
Phe Gly His Cys Gly Ile Asn Gly Thr Thr Tyr Leu Lys Cys His Ile		
155	160	165
tct gat gtc ttt tgt ggg aga gtt caa tgt gag aat gtg aga gac att		579
Ser Asp Val Phe Cys Gly Arg Val Gln Cys Glu Asn Val Arg Asp Ile		
170	175	180
cct ctt ctc caa gat cat ttt act ttg cag cac act cat atc aat ggt		627
Pro Leu Leu Gln Asp His Phe Thr Leu Gln His Thr His Ile Asn Gly		
190	195	200
gtc acc tgc tgg ggt att gac tat cat tta agg atg aac ata tct gac		675
Val Thr Cys Trp Gly Ile Asp Tyr His Leu Arg Met Asn Ile Ser Asp		
205	210	215
att ggt gaa gtg aaa gat ggt act gtg tgt ggc cca gga aag atc tgc		723
Ile Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Gly Thr Val Cys Gly Pro Gly Lys Ile Cys		
220	225	230
atc cat aag aag tgt gtc agt ctg tct gtc ttg tca cat gtc tgc ctt		771
Ile His Lys Lys Cys Val Ser Leu Ser Val Leu Ser His Val Cys Leu		
235	240	245
cct gag acc tgc aat atg aag ggg atc tgc aat aac aaa cat cac tgc		819
Pro Glu Thr Cys Asn Met Lys Gly Ile Cys Asn Asn Lys His His Cys		
250	255	260
265		
cac tgt ggc tat ggg tgg tcc cca ccc tac tgc cag cac aga ggc tat		867
His Cys Gly Tyr Gly Trp Ser Pro Pro Tyr Cys Gln His Arg Gly Tyr		
270	275	280
ggg ggc agt att gac agt ggc cca gca tct gca aag aga tct tgt gac		915
Gly Gly Ser Ile Asp Ser Gly Pro Ala Ser Ala Lys Arg Ser Cys Asp		
285	290	295
aaa act cac aca tgc cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa gcc gag ggc gcg		963
Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala		
300	305	310
ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc atg atc		1011
Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile		
315	320	325
tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa		1059
Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu		
330	335	340
345		
gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat		1107
Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His		
350	355	360
aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc acg tac cgg		1155
Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg		
365	370	375
gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg aat ggc aag		1203
Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys		
380	385	390

gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc ccc atc gag 1251  
 Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu  
 395 400 405

aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca cag gtg tac 1299  
 Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr  
 410 415 420 425

acc ctg ccc cca tcc cgg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag gtc agc ctg 1347  
 Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu  
 430 435 440

acc tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc gtg gag tgg 1395  
 Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp  
 445 450 455

gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acc cct ccc gtg 1443  
 Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val  
 460 465 470

ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc acc gtg gac 1491  
 Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp  
 475 480 485

aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat 1539  
 Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His  
 490 495 500 505

gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct ccg 1587  
 Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro  
 510 515 520

ggg aaa tga actagagcgg ccgctacaga t 1617  
 Gly Lys

<210> 14

<211> 523

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion polypeptide

<400> 14

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Gly Val Val Glu Arg Glu Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Gln Cys Asp Cys Gly Ser Val Gln Gln Cys Glu Gln Asp Ala Cys Cys  
 35 40 45  
 Leu Leu Asn Cys Thr Leu Arg Pro Gly Ala Ala Cys Ala Phe Gly Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Cys Cys Lys Asp Cys Lys Phe Met Pro Ser Gly Glu Leu Cys Arg Gln  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Val Asn Glu Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu Trp Cys Asn Gly Thr Ser His  
 85 90 95  
 Gln Cys Pro Glu Asp Arg Tyr Val Gln Asp Gly Ile Pro Cys Ser Asp  
 100 105 110  
 Ser Ala Tyr Cys Tyr Gln Lys Arg Cys Asn Asn His Asp Gln His Cys  
 115 120 125  
 Arg Glu Ile Phe Gly Lys Asp Ala Lys Ser Ala Ser Gln Asn Cys Tyr  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Glu Ile Asn Ser Gln Gly Asn Arg Phe Gly His Cys Gly Ile Asn  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gly Thr Thr Tyr Leu Lys Cys His Ile Ser Asp Val Phe Cys Gly Arg  
 165 170 175

Val Gln Cys Glu Asn Val Arg Asp Ile Pro Leu Leu Gln Asp His Phe  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Leu Gln His Thr His Ile Asn Gly Val Thr Cys Trp Gly Ile Asp  
 195 200 205  
 Tyr His Leu Arg Met Asn Ile Ser Asp Ile Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Gly  
 210 215 220  
 Thr Val Cys Gly Pro Gly Lys Ile Cys Ile His Lys Lys Cys Val Ser  
 225 230 235 240  
 Leu Ser Val Leu Ser His Val Cys Leu Pro Glu Thr Cys Asn Met Lys  
 245 250 255  
 Gly Ile Cys Asn Lys His His Cys His Cys Gly Tyr Gly Trp Ser  
 260 265 270  
 Pro Pro Tyr Cys Gln His Arg Gly Tyr Gly Ser Ile Asp Ser Gly  
 275 280 285  
 Pro Ala Ser Ala Lys Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro  
 290 295 300  
 Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro  
 305 310 315 320  
 Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn  
 340 345 350  
 Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg  
 355 360 365  
 Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val  
 370 375 380  
 Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser  
 385 390 395 400  
 Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys  
 405 410 415  
 Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp  
 420 425 430  
 Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe  
 435 440 445  
 Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu  
 450 455 460  
 Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe  
 465 470 475 480  
 Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly  
 485 490 495  
 Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr  
 500 505 510  
 Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 515 520

<210> 15  
 <211> 1674  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (25) .. (1653)

<400> 15  
 gtcgacccaa gctggcttagc cacc atg gag aca gac aca ctc ctg cta tgg 51  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp  
 1 5

gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca ggt tcc act ggt act agt tgt ggc aat 99

Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Trp	Val	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ser	Cys	Gly	Asn		
10					15				20				25				
ggc	tgc	att	gaa	act	gga	gag	gag	tgt	gat	tgt	gga	acc	ccg	gcc	gaa	147	
Gly	Phe	Ile	Glu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Glu	Cys	Asp	Cys	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ala	Glu		
					30					35				40			
tgt	gtc	ctt	gaa	gga	gca	gag	tgt	tgt	aag	aaa	tgc	acc	ttg	act	caa	195	
Cys	Val	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ala	Glu	Cys	Cys	Lys	Lys	Cys	Lys	Thr	Leu	Thr	Gln	
					45					50				55			
gac	tct	caa	tgc	agt	gac	ggt	ctt	tgc	tgt	aaa	aag	tgc	aag	ttt	cag	243	
Asp	Ser	Gln	Cys	Ser	Asp	Gly	Leu	Cys	Cys	Lys	Lys	Cys	Lys	Phe	Gln		
					60					65				70			
cct	atg	ggc	act	gtg	tgc	cga	gaa	gca	gta	aat	gat	tgt	gat	att	cgt	291	
Pro	Met	Gly	Thr	Val	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ala	Val	Asn	Asp	Cys	Asp	Ile	Arg		
					75					80				85			
gaa	acg	tgc	tca	gga	aat	tca	agc	cag	tgt	gcc	cct	aat	att	cat	aaa	339	
Glu	Thr	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	Gln	Cys	Ala	Pro	Asn	Ile	His	Lys		
					90					95				105			
atg	gat	gga	tat	tca	tgt	gat	ggt	gtt	cag	gga	att	tgc	ttt	gga	gga	387	
Met	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Asp	Gly	Val	Gln	Gly	Ile	Cys	Phe	Gly	Gly		
					110					115				120			
aga	tgc	aaa	acc	aga	gat	aga	caa	tgc	aaa	tac	att	tgg	ggg	caa	aag	435	
Arg	Cys	Lys	Thr	Arg	Asp	Arg	Gln	Cys	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Trp	Gly	Gln	Lys		
					125					130				135			
gtg	aca	gca	tca	gac	aaa	tat	tgc	tat	gag	aaa	ctg	aat	att	gaa	ggg	483	
Val	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp	Lys	Tyr	Cys	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Leu	Asn	Ile	Glu	Gly		
					140					145				150			
acg	gag	aag	ggt	aac	tgt	ggg	aaa	gac	aaa	gac	aca	tgg	ata	cag	tgc	531	
Thr	Glu	Lys	Gly	Asn	Cys	Gly	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asp	Thr	Trp	Ile	Gln	Cys		
					155					160				165			
aac	aaa	cg	gt	ctt	tgt	ggt	tac	ctt	ttg	tgt	acc	aat	att	ggc		579	
Asn	Lys	Arg	Asp	Val	Leu	Cys	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Cys	Thr	Asn	Ile	Gly		
					170					175				180			
aat	atc	cca	agg	ctt	gga	gaa	ctc	gat	ggt	gaa	atc	aca	tct	act	tta	627	
Asn	Ile	Pro	Arg	Leu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Asp	Gly	Glu	Ile	Thr	Ser	Thr	Leu		
					190					195				200			
gtt	gt	cag	caa	gga	aga	aca	tta	aa	c	tgc	agt	ggt	ggg	cat	gtt	aa	675
Val	Val	Gln	Gln	Gly	Arg	Thr	Leu	Asn	Cys	Ser	Gly	Gly	His	Val	Lys		
					205					210				215			
ctt	gaa	gaa	gat	gta	gat	ctt	ggc	tat	gt	gaa	gat	ggg	aca	cct	tgt	723	
Leu	Glu	Glu	Asp	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Val	Glu	Asp	Gly	Thr	Pro	Cys		
					220					225				230			
ggt	ccc	caa	atg	atg	tgc	tta	gaa	cac	agg	tgt	ctt	cct	gt	gt	tct	771	
Gly	Pro	Gln	Met	Met	Cys	Leu	Glu	His	Arg	Cys	Leu	Pro	Val	Ala	Ser		
					235					240				245			
ttc	aac	ttt	agt	act	tgc	ttg	agc	agt	aaa	gaa	ggc	act	att	tgc	tca	819	
Phe	Asn	Phe	Ser	Thr	Cys	Leu	Ser	Ser	Lys	Glu	Gly	Thr	Ile	Cys	Ser		
					250					255				260			
gga	aat	gga	gtt	tgc	agt	aat	gag	ctg	aag	tgt	gt	tgt	aac	aga	cac	867	
Gly	Asn	Gly	Val	Cys	Ser	Asn	Glu	Leu	Lys	Cys	Val	Cys	Asn	Arg	His		
					270					275				280			

tgg ata ggt tct gat tgc aac act tac ttc cct cac aat gat gat gca	915
Trp Ile Gly Ser Asp Cys Asn Thr Tyr Phe Pro His Asn Asp Asp Ala	
285 290 295	
aag act ggt atc act ctg tct ggc aat ggt gtt gct ggc acc aat gga	963
Lys Thr Gly Ile Thr Leu Ser Gly Asn Gly Val Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly	
300 305 310	
tct tgt gac aaa act cac aca tgc cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa gcc	1011
Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala	
315 320 325	
gag ggc gcg ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc	1059
Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr	
330 335 340 345	
ctc atg atc tcc ccg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gac gtg	1107
Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val	
350 355 360	
agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg	1155
Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val	
365 370 375	
gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg ccg gag gag cag tac aac agc	1203
Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser	
380 385 390	
acg tac ccg gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg	1251
Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu	
395 400 405	
aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc	1299
Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala	
410 415 420 425	
ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca	1347
Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro	
430 435 440	
cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc ccg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag	1395
Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln	
445 450 455	
gtc agc ctg acc tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc	1443
Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala	
460 465 470	
gtg gag tgg gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg	1491
Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr	
475 480 485	
cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc	1539
Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu	
490 495 500 505	
acc gtg gac aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc	1587
Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser	
510 515 520	
gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc	1635
Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser	
525 530 535	
ctg tct ccg ggt aaa tga actagagccg cccgtacaga t	1674

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
540

<210> 16  
<211> 542  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion polypeptide

<400> 16

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Gly Phe Ile Glu Thr Gly Glu  
20 25 30  
Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Thr Pro Ala Glu Cys Val Leu Glu Gly Ala Glu  
35 40 45  
Cys Cys Lys Cys Thr Leu Thr Gln Asp Ser Gln Cys Ser Asp Gly  
50 55 60  
Leu Cys Cys Lys Cys Lys Phe Gln Pro Met Gly Thr Val Cys Arg  
65 70 75 80  
Glu Ala Val Asn Asp Cys Asp Ile Arg Glu Thr Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser  
85 90 95  
Ser Gln Cys Ala Pro Asn Ile His Lys Met Asp Gly Tyr Ser Cys Asp  
100 105 110  
Gly Val Gln Gly Ile Cys Phe Gly Arg Cys Lys Thr Arg Asp Arg  
115 120 125  
Gln Cys Lys Tyr Ile Trp Gly Gln Lys Val Thr Ala Ser Asp Lys Tyr  
130 135 140  
Cys Tyr Glu Lys Leu Asn Ile Glu Gly Thr Glu Lys Gly Asn Cys Gly  
145 150 155 160  
Lys Asp Lys Asp Thr Trp Ile Gln Cys Asn Lys Arg Asp Val Leu Cys  
165 170 175  
Gly Tyr Leu Leu Cys Thr Asn Ile Gly Asn Ile Pro Arg Leu Gly Glu  
180 185 190  
Leu Asp Gly Glu Ile Thr Ser Thr Leu Val Val Gln Gln Gly Arg Thr  
195 200 205  
Leu Asn Cys Ser Gly Gly His Val Lys Leu Glu Glu Asp Val Asp Leu  
210 215 220  
Gly Tyr Val Glu Asp Gly Thr Pro Cys Gly Pro Gln Met Met Cys Leu  
225 230 235 240  
Glu His Arg Cys Leu Pro Val Ala Ser Phe Asn Phe Ser Thr Cys Leu  
245 250 255  
Ser Ser Lys Glu Gly Thr Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Gly Val Cys Ser Asn  
260 265 270  
Glu Leu Lys Cys Val Cys Asn Arg His Trp Ile Gly Ser Asp Cys Asn  
275 280 285  
Thr Tyr Phe Pro His Asn Asp Asp Ala Lys Thr Gly Ile Thr Leu Ser  
290 295 300  
Gly Asn Gly Val Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr  
305 310 315 320  
Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe  
325 330 335  
Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro  
340 345 350  
Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val  
355 360 365  
Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr  
370 375 380  
Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val  
385 390 395 400  
Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys  
405 410 415  
Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val  
 450 455 460  
 Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly  
 465 470 475 480  
 Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
 485 490 495  
 Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp  
 500 505 510  
 Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His  
 515 520 525  
 Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 530 535 540

<210> 17  
 <211> 1668  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (25)..(1647)

<400> 17  
 gtcgacccaa gctggctagc cacc atg gag aca gac aca ctc ctg cta tgg 51  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp  
 1 5

gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca ggt tcc act ggt act agt tgt gga aat 99  
 Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn  
 10 15 20 25

gga tac gtc gaa gct ggg gag gag tgt gat tgt ggt ttt cat gtg gaa 147  
 Gly Tyr Val Glu Ala Gly Glu Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Phe His Val Glu  
 30 35 40

tgc tat gga tta tgc tgt aag aaa tgt tcc ctc tcc aac ggg gct cac 195  
 Cys Tyr Gly Leu Cys Cys Lys Cys Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Ala His  
 45 50 55

tgc agc gac ggg ccc tgc tgt aac aat acc tca tgt ctt ttt cag cca 243  
 Cys Ser Asp Gly Pro Cys Cys Asn Asn Thr Ser Cys Leu Phe Gln Pro  
 60 65 70

cga ggg tat gaa tgc cgg gat gct gtg aac gag tgt gat att act gaa 291  
 Arg Gly Tyr Glu Cys Arg Asp Ala Val Asn Glu Cys Asp Ile Thr Glu  
 75 80 85

tat tgt act gga gac tct ggt cag tgc cca cca aat ctt cat aag caa 339  
 Tyr Cys Thr Gly Asp Ser Gly Gln Cys Pro Pro Asn Leu His Lys Gln  
 90 95 100 105

gac gga tat gca tgc aat caa aat cag ggc cgc tgc tac aat ggc gag 387  
 Asp Gly Tyr Ala Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Gly Arg Cys Tyr Asn Gly Glu  
 110 115 120

tgc aag gcc aga gac aac cag tgt cag tac atc tgg gga aca aag gct 435  
 Cys Lys Ala Arg Asp Asn Gln Cys Gln Tyr Ile Trp Gly Thr Lys Ala  
 125 130 135

gca ggg tct gac aag ttc tgc tat gaa aag ctg aat aca gaa ggc act	483
Ala Gly Ser Asp Lys Phe Cys Tyr Glu Lys Leu Asn Thr Glu Gly Thr	
140 145 150	
gag aag gga aac tgc ggg aag gat gga gac cgg tgg att cag tgc agc	531
Glu Lys Gly Asn Cys Gly Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Trp Ile Gln Cys Ser	
155 160 165	
aaa cat gat gtg ttc tgt gga ttc ttc tgc tgt acc aat ctt act cga	579
Lys His Asp Val Phe Cys Gly Phe Leu Leu Cys Thr Asn Leu Thr Arg	
170 175 180 185	
gct cca cgt att ggt caa ctt cag ggt gag atc att cca act tcc ttc	627
Ala Pro Arg Ile Gly Gln Leu Gln Gly Glu Ile Ile Pro Thr Ser Phe	
190 195 200	
tac cat caa ggc cgg gtg att gac tgc agt ggt gcc cat gta gtt tta	675
Tyr His Gln Gly Arg Val Ile Asp Cys Ser Gly Ala His Val Val Leu	
205 210 215	
gat gat gat acg gat gtg ggc tat gta gaa gat gga acg cca tgt ggc	723
Asp Asp Asp Thr Asp Val Gly Tyr Val Glu Asp Gly Thr Pro Cys Gly	
220 225 230	
ccg tct atg atg tgt tta gat cgg aag tgc cta caa att caa gcc cta	771
Pro Ser Met Met Cys Leu Asp Arg Lys Cys Leu Gln Ile Gln Ala Leu	
235 240 245	
aat atg agc agc tgt cca ctc gat tcc aag ggt aaa gtc tgt tcg ggc	819
Asn Met Ser Ser Cys Pro Leu Asp Ser Lys Gly Lys Val Cys Ser Gly	
250 255 260 265	
cat ggg gtg tgt agt aat gaa gcc acc tgc att tgt gat ttc acc tgg	867
His Gly Val Cys Ser Asn Glu Ala Thr Cys Ile Cys Asp Phe Thr Trp	
270 275 280	
gca ggg aca gat tgc agt atc cgg gat cca gtt agg aac ctt cac ccc	915
Ala Gly Thr Asp Cys Ser Ile Arg Asp Pro Val Arg Asn Leu His Pro	
285 290 295	
ccc aag gat gaa gga ccc aag ggt cct agt gcc acc aat aga tct tgt	963
Pro Lys Asp Glu Gly Pro Lys Gly Pro Ser Ala Thr Asn Arg Ser Cys	
300 305 310	
gac aaa act cac aca tgc cca cgg tgc cca gca cct gaa gcc gag ggc	1011
Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly	
315 320 325	
gcg ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc atg	1059
Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met	
330 335 340 345	
atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac	1107
Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His	
350 355 360	
gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg	1155
Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val	
365 370 375	
cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc acg tac	1203
His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr	
380 385 390	
cggtgt gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg aat ggc	1251

Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly			
395	400	405	
aag gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc ccc atc		1299	
Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile			
410	415	420	425
gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca cag gtg		1347	
Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val			
430	435	440	
tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc cgg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag gtc agc		1395	
Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser			
445	450	455	
ctg acc tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc gtg gag		1443	
Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu			
460	465	470	
tgg gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg cct ccc		1491	
Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro			
475	480	485	
gtg ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc acc gtg		1539	
Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val			
490	495	500	505
gac aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg		1587	
Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met			
510	515	520	
cat gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct		1635	
His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser			
525	530	535	
ccg ggt aaa tga actagagcgg ccgctacaga t		1668	
Pro Gly Lys			
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<210> 18  
 <211> 540  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide

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 Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Phe His Val Glu Cys Tyr Gly Leu Cys Cys Lys  
 35 40 45  
 Lys Cys Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly Ala His Cys Ser Asp Gly Pro Cys Cys  
 50 55 60  
 Asn Asn Thr Ser Cys Leu Phe Gln Pro Arg Gly Tyr Glu Cys Arg Asp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ala Val Asn Glu Cys Asp Ile Thr Glu Tyr Cys Thr Gly Asp Ser Gly  
 85 90 95  
 Gln Cys Pro Pro Asn Leu His Lys Gln Asp Gly Tyr Ala Cys Asn Gln  
 100 105 110  
 Asn Gln Gly Arg Cys Tyr Asn Gly Glu Cys Lys Ala Arg Asp Asn Gln  
 115 120 125  
 Cys Gln Tyr Ile Trp Gly Thr Lys Ala Ala Gly Ser Asp Lys Phe Cys  
 130 135 140

Tyr Glu Lys Leu Asn Thr Glu Gly Thr Glu Lys Gly Asn Cys Gly Lys  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Gly Asp Arg Trp Ile Gln Cys Ser Lys His Asp Val Phe Cys Gly  
 165 170 175  
 Phe Leu Leu Cys Thr Asn Leu Thr Arg Ala Pro Arg Ile Gly Gln Leu  
 180 185 190  
 Gln Gly Glu Ile Ile Pro Thr Ser Phe Tyr His Gln Gly Arg Val Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Asp Cys Ser Gly Ala His Val Val Leu Asp Asp Asp Thr Asp Val Gly  
 210 215 220  
 Tyr Val Glu Asp Gly Thr Pro Cys Gly Pro Ser Met Met Cys Leu Asp  
 225 230 235 240  
 Arg Lys Cys Leu Gln Ile Gln Ala Leu Asn Met Ser Ser Cys Pro Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Asp Ser Lys Gly Lys Val Cys Ser Gly His Gly Val Cys Ser Asn Glu  
 260 265 270  
 Ala Thr Cys Ile Cys Asp Phe Thr Trp Ala Gly Thr Asp Cys Ser Ile  
 275 280 285  
 Arg Asp Pro Val Arg Asn Leu His Pro Pro Lys Asp Glu Gly Pro Lys  
 290 295 300  
 Gly Pro Ser Ala Thr Asn Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro  
 305 310 315 320  
 Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe  
 325 330 335  
 Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val  
 340 345 350  
 Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe  
 355 360 365  
 Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro  
 370 375 380  
 Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
 385 390 395 400  
 Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala  
 420 425 430  
 Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg  
 435 440 445  
 Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro  
 465 470 475 480  
 Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser  
 485 490 495  
 Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln  
 500 505 510  
 Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His  
 515 520 525  
 Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 530 535 540

&lt;210&gt; 19

&lt;211&gt; 3

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Consensus  
binding motif

&lt;400&gt; 19

Arg Gly Asp

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<210> 20  
<211> 67  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: consensus  
disintegrin domain

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<223> 3-5 varying residues in a consensus sequence

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<223> 3-6 varying residues in a consensus sequence

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<223> 2-4 varying residues in a consensus sequence

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<223> 5-7 varying residues in a consensus sequence

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<222> (62)..(66)  
<223> 3-5 varying residues in a consensus sequence

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Cys Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa  
20 25 30

Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa  
35 40 45

Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa  
50 55 60

Xaa Xaa Cys  
65

<210> 21  
 <211> 1725  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Artificial Sequence  
  
 <220>  
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion  
 polypeptide  
  
 <220>  
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 <222> (118)..(1704)  
  
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 tagggcgaat tgggtaccgg gccccccctc gaggtcgacc caagctggct agccacc 117  
 atg gag aca gac aca ctc ctg cta tgg gta ctg ctg ctc tgg gtt cca 165  
 Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15  
 ggt tcc act ggt act agt tgg aat ggt gtg gtt gaa gaa gga gaa 213  
 Gly Ser Thr Gly Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Gly Val Val Glu Glu Gly Glu  
 20 25 30  
 gag tgg gac tgg gga cct tta aag cat tgg gca aaa gat ccc tgg tgg 261  
 Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Pro Leu Lys His Cys Ala Lys Asp Pro Cys Cys  
 35 40 45  
 ctg tca aat tgc act ctg act gat ggt tct act tgg gct ttt ggg ctt 309  
 Leu Ser Asn Cys Thr Leu Thr Asp Gly Ser Thr Cys Ala Phe Gly Leu  
 50 55 60  
 tgg tgg aaa gac tgg aag ttc cta cca tca ggg aaa gtt tgg aga aag 357  
 Cys Cys Lys Asp Cys Lys Phe Leu Pro Ser Gly Lys Val Cys Arg Lys  
 65 70 75 80  
 gag gtc aat gaa tgg gat ctt cca gag tgg tgg aat ggt act tcc cat 405  
 Glu Val Asn Glu Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu Trp Cys Asn Gly Thr Ser His  
 85 90 95  
 aag tgc cca gat gac ttt tat gtt gaa gat gga att ccc tgg aag gag 453  
 Lys Cys Pro Asp Asp Phe Tyr Val Glu Asp Gly Ile Pro Cys Lys Glu  
 100 105 110  
 agg ggc tac tgg tat gaa aag agc tgg cat gac cgc aat gaa cag tgg 501  
 Arg Gly Tyr Cys Tyr Glu Lys Ser Cys His Asp Arg Asn Glu Gln Cys  
 115 120 125  
 agg agg att ttt ggt gca ggc gca aat act gca agt gag act tgg tac 549  
 Arg Arg Ile Phe Gly Ala Gly Ala Asn Thr Ala Ser Glu Thr Cys Tyr  
 130 135 140  
 aaa gaa ttg aac acc tta ggt gac cgt gtt ggt cac tgg ggt atc aaa 597  
 Lys Glu Leu Asn Thr Leu Gly Asp Arg Val Gly His Cys Gly Ile Lys  
 145 150 155 160  
 aat gct aca tat ata aag tgg aat atc tca gat gtc cag tgg gga aga 645  
 Asn Ala Thr Tyr Ile Lys Cys Asn Ile Ser Asp Val Gln Cys Gly Arg  
 165 170 175

att cag tgt gag aat gtg aca gaa att ccc aat atg agt gat cat act Ile Gln Cys Glu Asn Val Thr Glu Ile Pro Asn Met Ser Asp His Thr 180 185 190	693
act gtg cat tgg gct cgc ttc aat gac ata atg tgc tgg agt act gat Thr Val His Trp Ala Arg Phe Asn Asp Ile Met Cys Trp Ser Thr Asp 195 200 205	741
tac cat ttg ggg atg aag gga cct gat att ggt gaa gtg aaa gat gga Tyr His Leu Gly Met Lys Gly Pro Asp Ile Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Gly 210 215 220	789
aca gag tgt ggg ata gat cat ata tgc atc cac agg cac tgt gtc cat Thr Glu Cys Gly Ile Asp His Ile Cys Ile His Arg His Cys Val His 225 230 235 240	837
ata acc atc ttg aat agt aat tgc tca cct gca ttt tgt aac aag agg Ile Thr Ile Leu Asn Ser Asn Cys Ser Pro Ala Phe Cys Asn Lys Arg 245 250 255	885
ggc atc tgc aac aat aaa cat cac tgc cat tgc aat tat ctg tgg gac Gly Ile Cys Asn Asn Lys His His Cys His Cys Asn Tyr Leu Trp Asp 260 265 270	933
cct ccc aac tgc ctg ata aaa ggc tat gga ggt agt gtt gac agt ggc Pro Pro Asn Cys Leu Ile Lys Gly Tyr Gly Ser Val Asp Ser Gly 275 280 285	981
cca ccc cct aag aga aag aag aaa aag aag aga tct tgt gac aaa act Pro Pro Pro Lys Arg Lys Lys Lys Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr 290 295 300	1029
cac aca tgc cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa gcc gag ggc gcg ccg tca His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser 305 310 315 320	1077
gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg 325 330 335	1125
acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa gac cct Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro 340 345 350	1173
gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat gcc Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala 355 360 365	1221
aag aca aag ccg ccg gag gag cag tac aac agc acg tac cgg gtg gtc Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val 370 375 380	1269
agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg aat ggc aag gag tac Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr 385 390 395 400	1317
aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc ccc atc gag aaa acc Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Ile Glu Lys Thr 405 410 415	1365
atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca cag gtg tac acc ctg Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu 420 425 430	1413
ccc cca tcc ccg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag gtc agc ctg acc tgc	1461

Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys			
435	440	445	
ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc gtg gag tgg gag agc			1509
Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser			
450	455	460	
aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg cct ccc gtg ctg gac			1557
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp			
465	470	475	480
tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc acc gtg gac aag agc			1605
Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser			
485	490	495	
agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag gct			1653
Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala			
500	505	510	
ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct ccg ggt aaa			1701
Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys			
515	520	525	
tga actagagccgg ccgctacaga t			1725

<210> 22

<211> 528

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: fusion polypeptide

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Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly Pro Leu Lys His Cys Ala Lys Asp Pro Cys Cys			
35	40	45	
Leu Ser Asn Cys Thr Leu Thr Asp Gly Ser Thr Cys Ala Phe Gly Leu			
50	55	60	
Cys Cys Lys Asp Cys Lys Phe Leu Pro Ser Gly Lys Val Cys Arg Lys			
65	70	75	80
Glu Val Asn Glu Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu Trp Cys Asn Gly Thr Ser His			
85	90	95	
Lys Cys Pro Asp Asp Phe Tyr Val Glu Asp Gly Ile Pro Cys Lys Glu			
100	105	110	
Arg Gly Tyr Cys Tyr Glu Lys Ser Cys His Asp Arg Asn Glu Gln Cys			
115	120	125	
Arg Arg Ile Phe Gly Ala Gly Ala Asn Thr Ala Ser Glu Thr Cys Tyr			
130	135	140	
Lys Glu Leu Asn Thr Leu Gly Asp Arg Val Gly His Cys Gly Ile Lys			
145	150	155	160
Asn Ala Thr Tyr Ile Lys Cys Asn Ile Ser Asp Val Gln Cys Gly Arg			
165	170	175	
Ile Gln Cys Glu Asn Val Thr Glu Ile Pro Asn Met Ser Asp His Thr			
180	185	190	
Thr Val His Trp Ala Arg Phe Asn Asp Ile Met Cys Trp Ser Thr Asp			
195	200	205	
Tyr His Leu Gly Met Lys Gly Pro Asp Ile Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Gly			
210	215	220	
Thr Glu Cys Gly Ile Asp His Ile Cys Ile His Arg His Cys Val His			
225	230	235	240
Ile Thr Ile Leu Asn Ser Asn Cys Ser Pro Ala Phe Cys Asn Lys Arg			
245	250	255	

Gly Ile Cys Asn Asn Lys His His Cys His Cys Asn Tyr Leu Trp Asp  
260 265 270  
Pro Pro Asn Cys Leu Ile Lys Gly Tyr Gly Gly Ser Val Asp Ser Gly  
275 280 285  
Pro Pro Pro Lys Arg Lys Lys Lys Lys Arg Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr  
290 295 300  
His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Glu Gly Ala Pro Ser  
305 310 315 320  
Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg  
325 330 335  
Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
340 345 350  
Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
355 360 365  
Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val  
370 375 380  
Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr  
385 390 395 400  
Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
405 410 415  
Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu  
420 425 430  
Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
435 440 445  
Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
450 455 460  
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp  
465 470 475 480  
Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
485 490 495  
Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
500 505 510  
Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
515 520 525

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization  
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date  
30 August 2001 (30.08.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
WO 01/62905 A3

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>2</sup>: C12N 9/64, (74) Agent: SMITH, Julie, K.; 51 University Street, Seattle, 15/57, A61K 38/16, A61P 35/00, 37/00, 27/00, 17/02, WA 98101 (US).  
C07K 14/705

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US01/05701

(22) International Filing Date: 23 February 2001 (23.02.2001)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:  
60/184,865 25 February 2000 (25.02.2000) US

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(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- with international search report
- before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments

(88) Date of publication of the international search report:  
21 March 2002

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



WO 01/62905 A3

(54) Title: INTEGRIN ANTAGONISTS

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides methods and compositions for inhibiting the biological activity of integrins, for inhibiting endothelial cell migration, and for inhibiting angiogenesis. In particular, the invention provides compositions comprising ADAM disintegrin domains and methods for using said compositions. In preferred embodiments the methods and compositions of the invention are used to inhibit angiogenesis and to treat diseases or conditions mediated by angiogenesis.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 01/05701

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**

IPC 7 C12N9/64 C12N15/57 A61K38/16 A61P35/00 A61P37/00  
A61P27/00 A61P17/02 C07K14/705

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07K C12N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

BIOSIS, EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, SCISEARCH, MEDLINE, CHEM ABS Data

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	<p>SCHLUESENER HERMANN J: "The disintegrin domain of ADAM 8 enhances protection against rat experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis, neuritis and uveitis by a polyvalent autoantigen vaccine." JOURNAL OF NEUROIMMUNOLOGY, vol. 87, no. 1-2, 1 July 1998 (1998-07-01), pages 197-202, XP000926791 ISSN: 0165-5728 page 199 -page 201; figure 2A</p> <p style="text-align: center;">---</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-/-</p>	1-3, 16, 17, 26



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

° Special categories of cited documents :

- °A° document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
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- °L° document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- °O° document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
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°T° later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

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°S° document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

20 December 2001

Date of mailing of the international search report

16/01/2002

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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De Kok, A

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 01/05701

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	<p>NATH DEEPA ET AL: "Interaction of metargidin (ADAM-15) with alphavbeta3 and alpha5beta1 integrins on different haemopoietic cells."</p> <p>JOURNAL OF CELL SCIENCE, vol. 112, no. 4, February 1999 (1999-02), pages 579-587, XP002186267 LONDON GB ISSN: 0021-9533 cited in the application the whole document, especially page 586, column 1</p>	1-3, 7-18, 27, 31, 33-41
Y	---	4
A	---	35-42
X	<p>ZHANG XI-PING ET AL: "Specific interaction of the recombinant disintegrin-like domain of MDC-15 (metargidin, ADAM-15) with integrin alphavbeta3."</p> <p>JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, vol. 273, no. 13, 27 March 1998 (1998-03-27), pages 7345-7350, XP002186268 WASHINGTON US ISSN: 0021-9258 the whole document, especially page 7349, column 2, paragraph 2</p>	1-3, 9-18, 27, 31, 33
Y	<p>SHEU J-R ET AL: "Inhibition of angiogenesis in vitro and in vivo: comparison of the relative activities of triflavin, an Arg-Gly-Asp-containing peptide and anti-alphavbeta3 integrin monoclonal antibody"</p> <p>BBA - GENERAL SUBJECTS, ELSEVIER SCIENCE PUBLISHERS, NL, vol. 1336, no. 3, 20 October 1997 (1997-10-20), pages 445-454, XP004276037 ISSN: 0304-4165 abstract</p>	4
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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 01/05701

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	TSELEPIS VICKY H ET AL: "An RGD to LDV motif conversion within the disintegrin kistrin generates an integrin antagonist that retains potency but exhibits altered receptor specificity: Evidence for a functional equivalence of acidic integrin-binding motifs" JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, AMERICAN SOCIETY OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTS, BALTIMORE, MD, US, vol. 272, no. 34, 1997, pages 21341-21348, XP002149905 ISSN: 0021-9258 the whole document ---	4
A	WO 99 41388 A (IMMUNEX CORP) 19 August 1999 (1999-08-19) cited in the application the whole document ---	1-42
A	WO 99 23228 A (IMMUNEX CORP) 14 May 1999 (1999-05-14) cited in the application page 6, paragraph 2 page 8, paragraph 2 ---	1-42
A	WO 99 36549 A (IMMUNEX CORP) 22 July 1999 (1999-07-22) cited in the application page 4, line 24 - line 30 page 7, line 25 -page 8, line 26 ---	1-42
P, X	WO 00 43493 A (HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC) 27 July 2000 (2000-07-27)  page 13, line 3 page 17, line 6 - line 7 page 196, line 31 -page 204, line 33 page 227 -page 234 examples 10,39,41-43,49 ---	1-9, 11-29, 31,32, 34-42
E	WO 01 74857 A (BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB CO) 11 October 2001 (2001-10-11)  page 4, line 26 -page 6, line 16 page 7, line 11 -page 8, line 26 page 14, line 17 - line 34; example 12 ---	1-18,20, 27,28, 30-42

**FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210**

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1-3, 18-20, 26 completely and 5-17, 21-25 partly

A method of antagonizing the binding of an integrin to its ligand, in vitro or in vivo, by administering an effective amount of an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide

2. Claims: 4, 28, 29 completely and 5-17, 21-25, 27 partly

A method of inhibiting angiogenesis in a mammal comprising administering an ADAM disintegrin domain polypeptide which does not contain a RGD sequence

3. Claim : 27 partly and 30 completely

A method for inhibiting the biological activity of alphaIIbetaI integrin comprising contacting the integrin with an ADAM-23 disintegrin polypeptide

4. Claim : 27 partly and 31 completely

A method for inhibiting the biological activity of alphaVbetaI integrin comprising contacting the integrin with an ADAM disintegrin polypeptide and the ADAM is ADAM-15, -21, -22 or -23

5. Claim : 27 partly and 32 completely

A method for inhibiting the biological activity of alphaVIbetaI or alphaVIbetaIV integrin comprising contacting the integrin with an ADAM disintegrin polypeptide and the ADAM is ADAM-10, -17, -22 or -23

6. Claim : 27 partly and 33 completely

A method for inhibiting the biological activity of alphaVbetaV integrin comprising contacting the integrin with an ADAM disintegrin polypeptide and the ADAM is ADAM-10, -15 or -23

7. Claims: 34-42

Methods for identifying compounds that modulate integrin biological activity

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Present claims 1-10 and 15-26 relate to a method defined by reference to the use of a compound having a desirable characteristic or property, namely having an "ADAM disintegrating domain".

The claims cover all compounds having this characteristic or property, whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for only a very limited number of such compounds. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claims also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the compound by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be clear, supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the subject-matter of claims 11-14, insofar as those claims refer to amino acid or nucleotide sequences as identified in the sequence listing since fragments (claim 11b, 13b), variants (claim 11c) fusion proteins (claim 11d) or hybridizing nucleic acids (claim 14 c) retaining at least one 'ADAMdis' activity are not disclosed as well.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 01/05701

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
WO 9941388	A	19-08-1999	AU EP WO	3290899 A 1054982 A2 9941388 A2		30-08-1999 29-11-2000 19-08-1999
WO 9923228	A	14-05-1999	AU EP JP WO	1287699 A 1027442 A1 2001521742 T 9923228 A1		24-05-1999 16-08-2000 13-11-2001 14-05-1999
WO 9936549	A	22-07-1999	AU EP WO	2221999 A 1045914 A1 9936549 A1		02-08-1999 25-10-2000 22-07-1999
WO 0043493	A	27-07-2000	AU WO	3212400 A 0043493 A2		07-08-2000 27-07-2000
WO 0174857	A	11-10-2001	WO	0174857 A2		11-10-2001

